

# Global Dairy Market Status and 2035 Perspectives



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## Real Science Lecture Series

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# IFCN HELPS ITS PARTNER COMPANIES TO IMPROVE THEIR MARKET INTELLIGENCE AND MAKE BETTER DECISIONS



## Milk Processing



## Milking and Barn Equipment



## Feed and Feed Additives



## Health and Hygiene



## Farm Machinery



## Milk Processing and Packaging Technologies



## Finance Institutions



## Agriculture Technology Companies



## Genetics for Animals & Plants



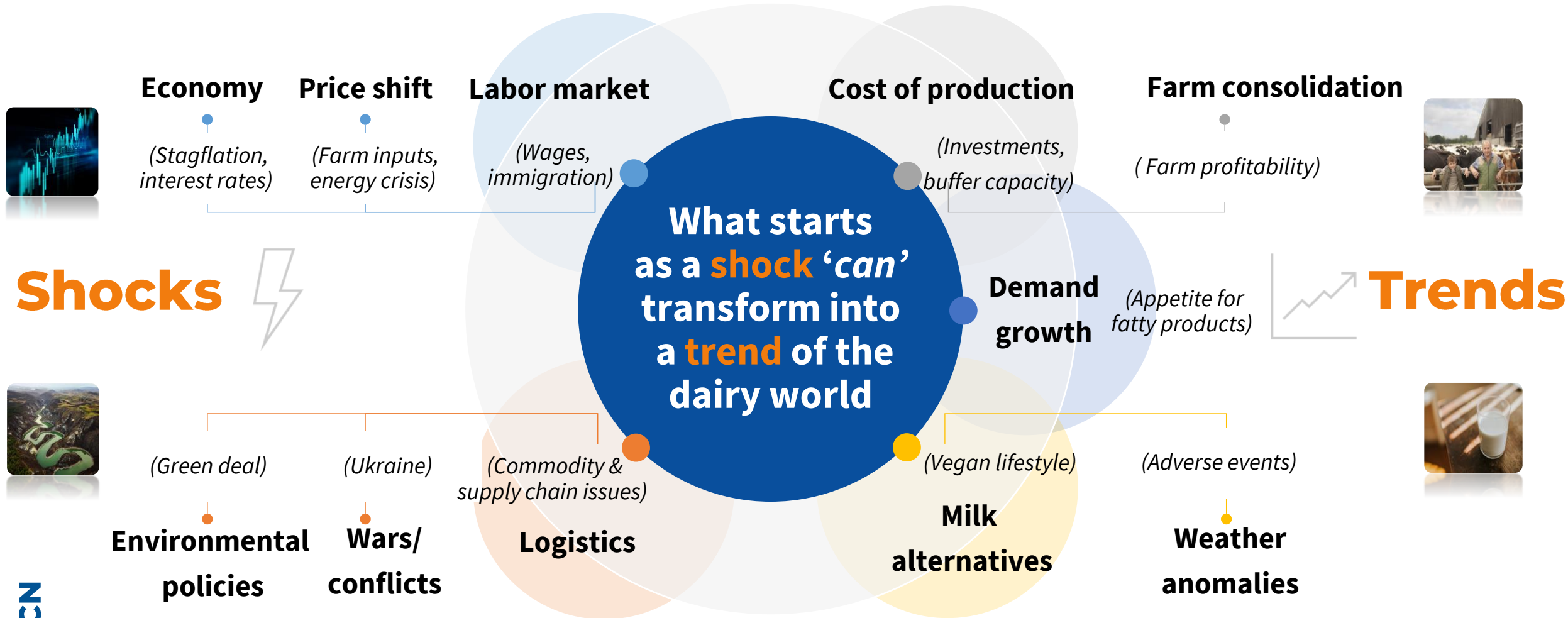
## Dairy Farming



## Consulting and other Companies

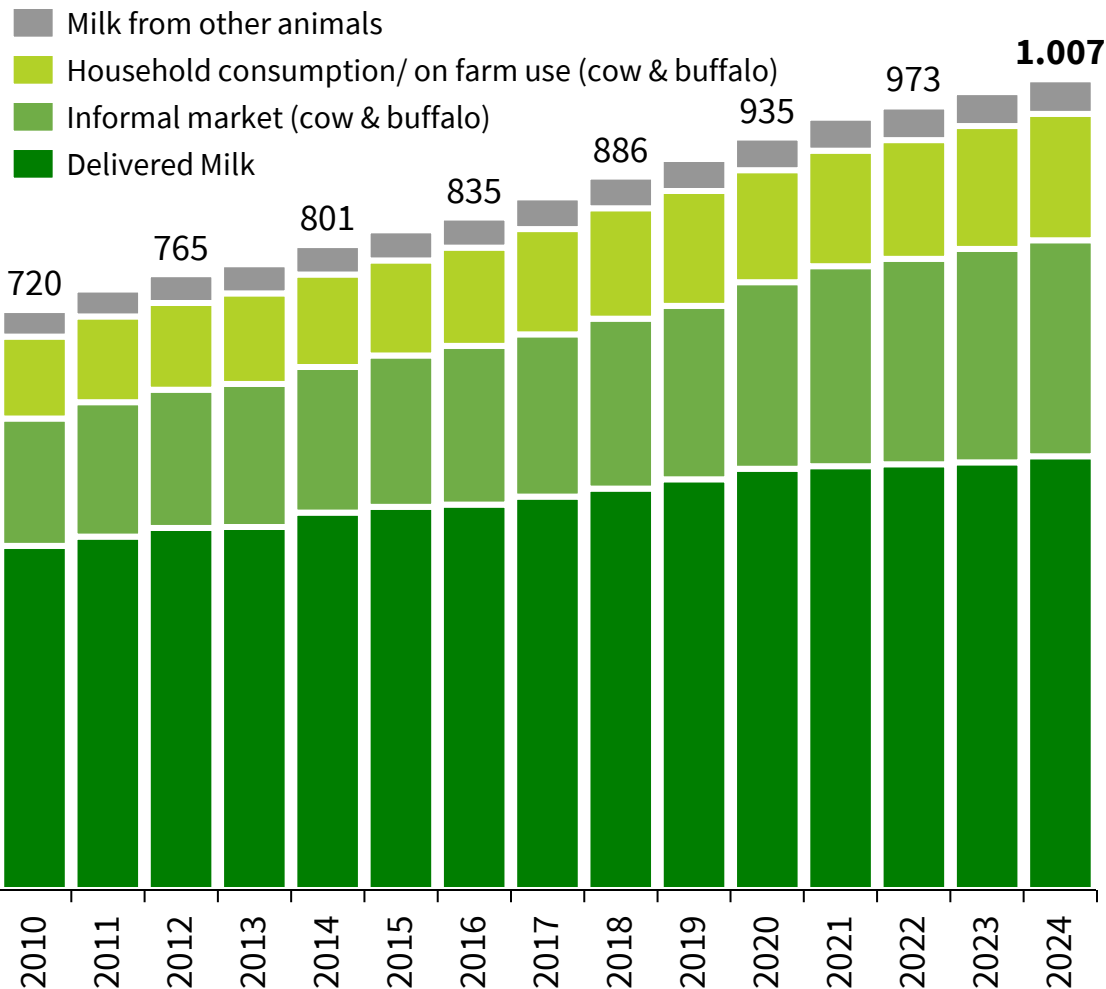


# From shocks to trends: forces shaping the global dairy

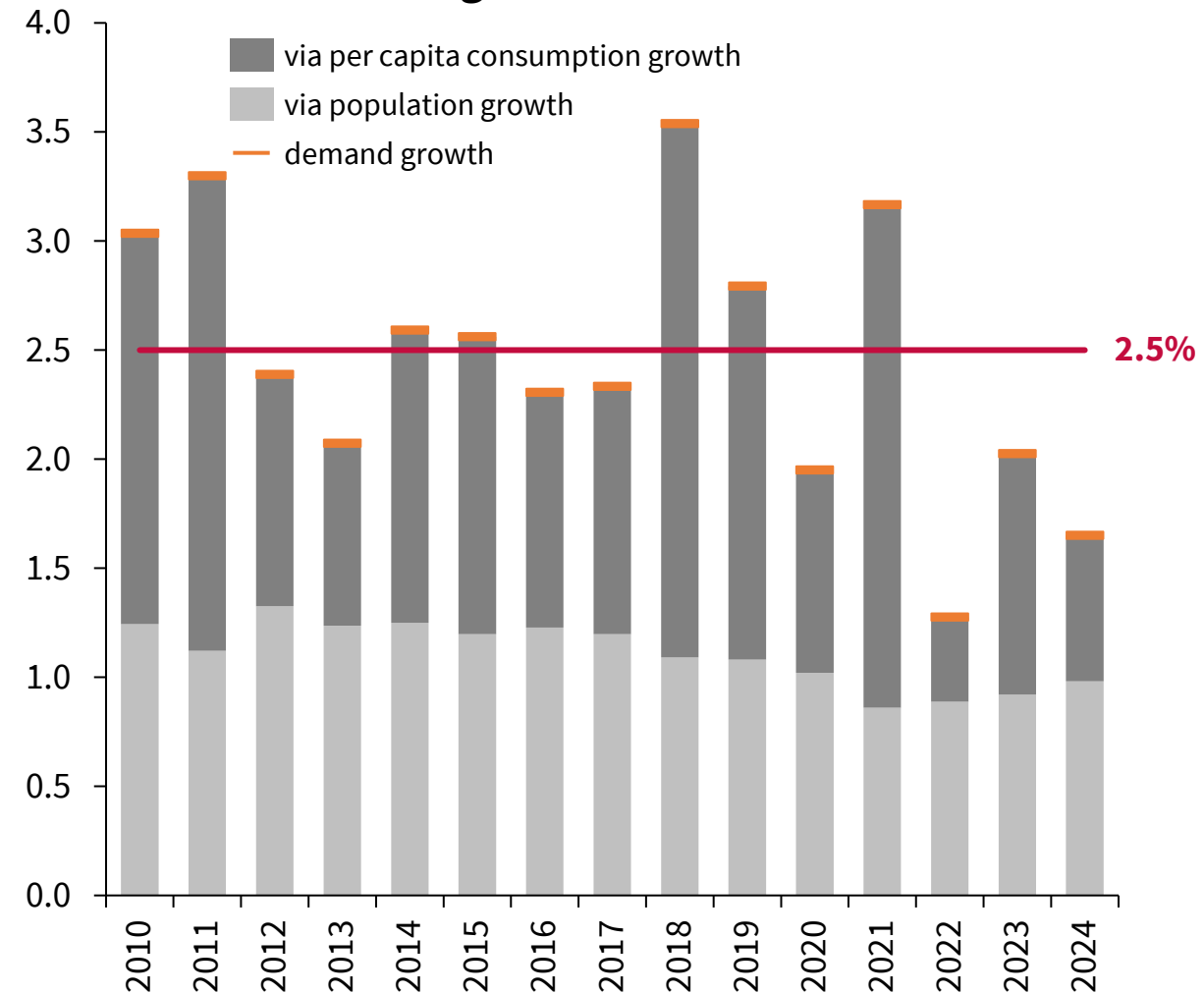


# Crossing a billion ton of milk, but production growth is slowing

World milk production in million-ton SCM



Annual % change of milk demand drivers

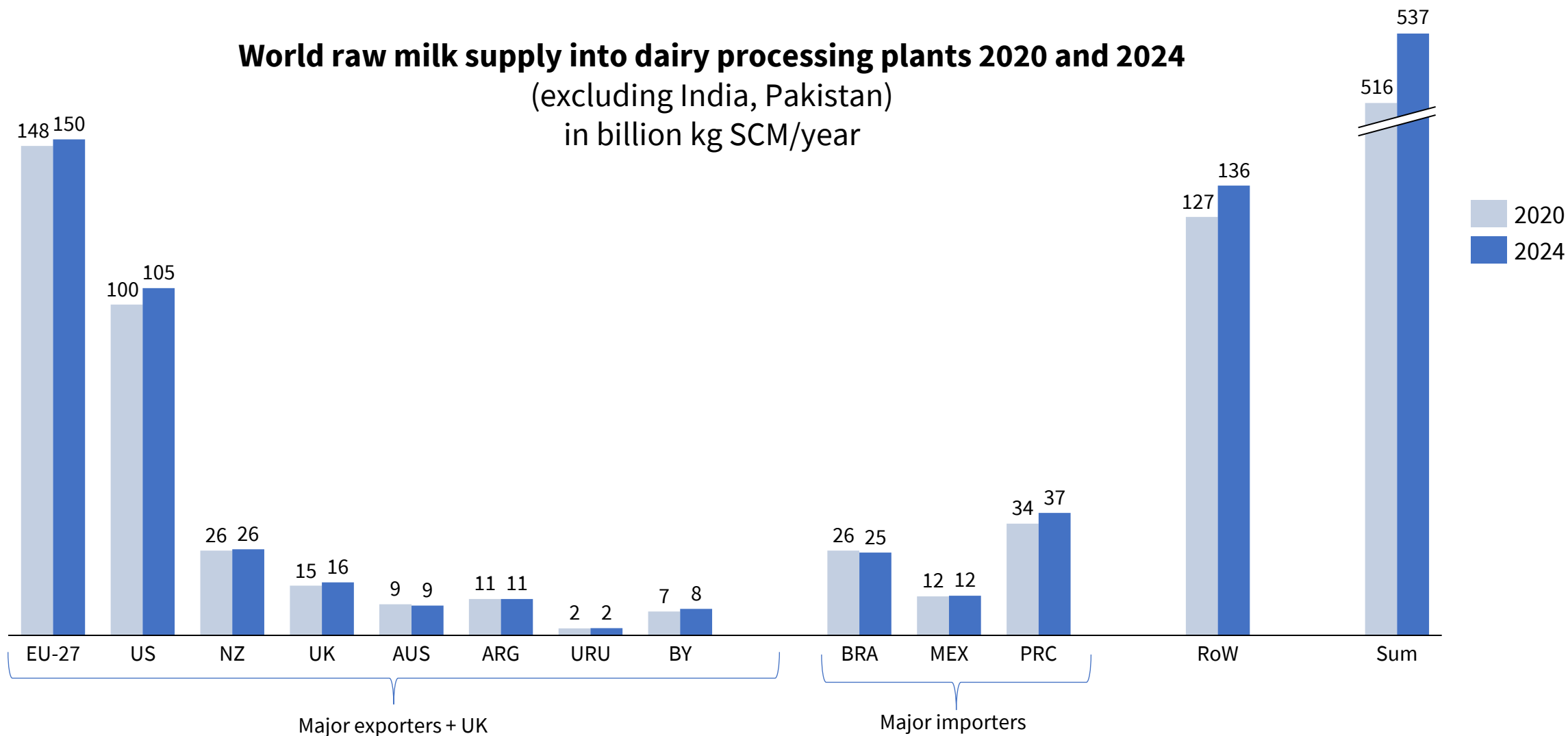


Arrows represent CAGR for the selected time period

Source : IFCN Annual Dairy Sector Data SCM = Solid Corrected Milk 4% fat & 3.5% protein

# Milk supply into processing (worldwide) in 2020 & 2024: up 5 bn kg/y in average

**World raw milk supply into dairy processing plants 2020 and 2024**  
(excluding India, Pakistan)  
in billion kg SCM/year

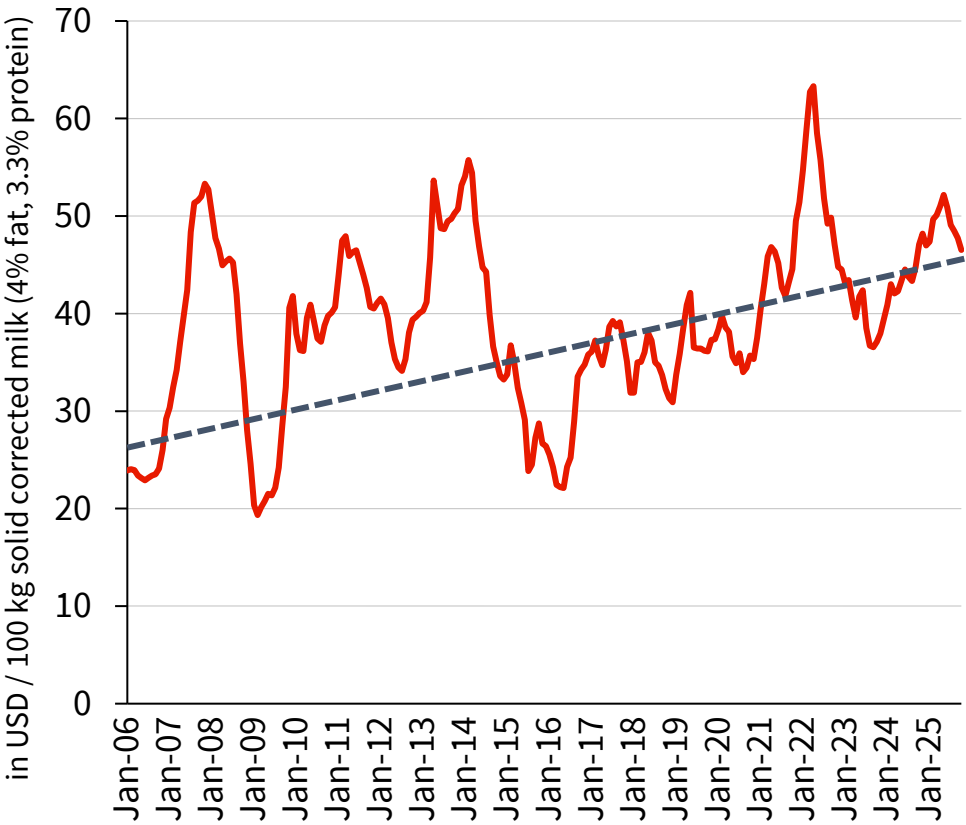




# Changes in consumption patters pushing prices up for butter and driving the world milk price developments

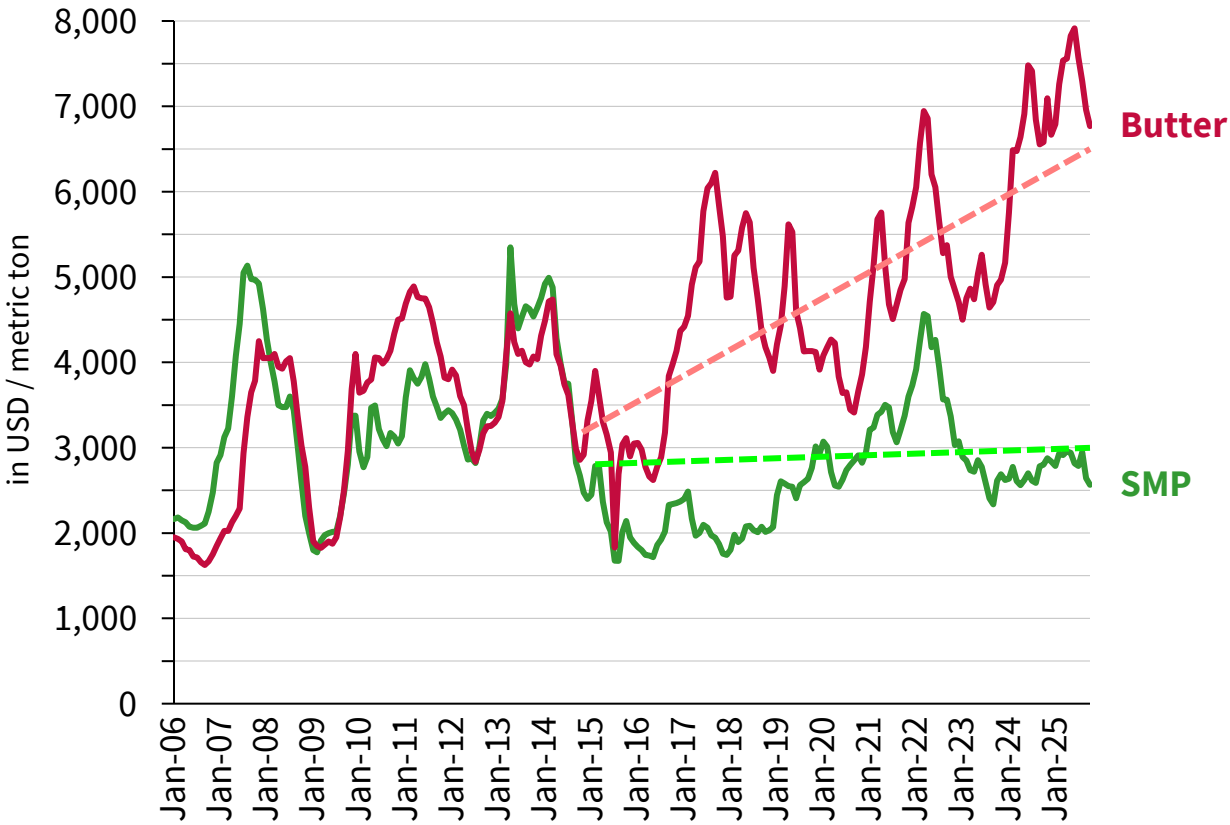


IFCN World Milk Price Indicator



\*IFCN world milk price is based on the dairy commodity prices for butter/SMP, cheese/whey and whole milk powder; mainly Oceanian prices;

Dairy Commodity Prices

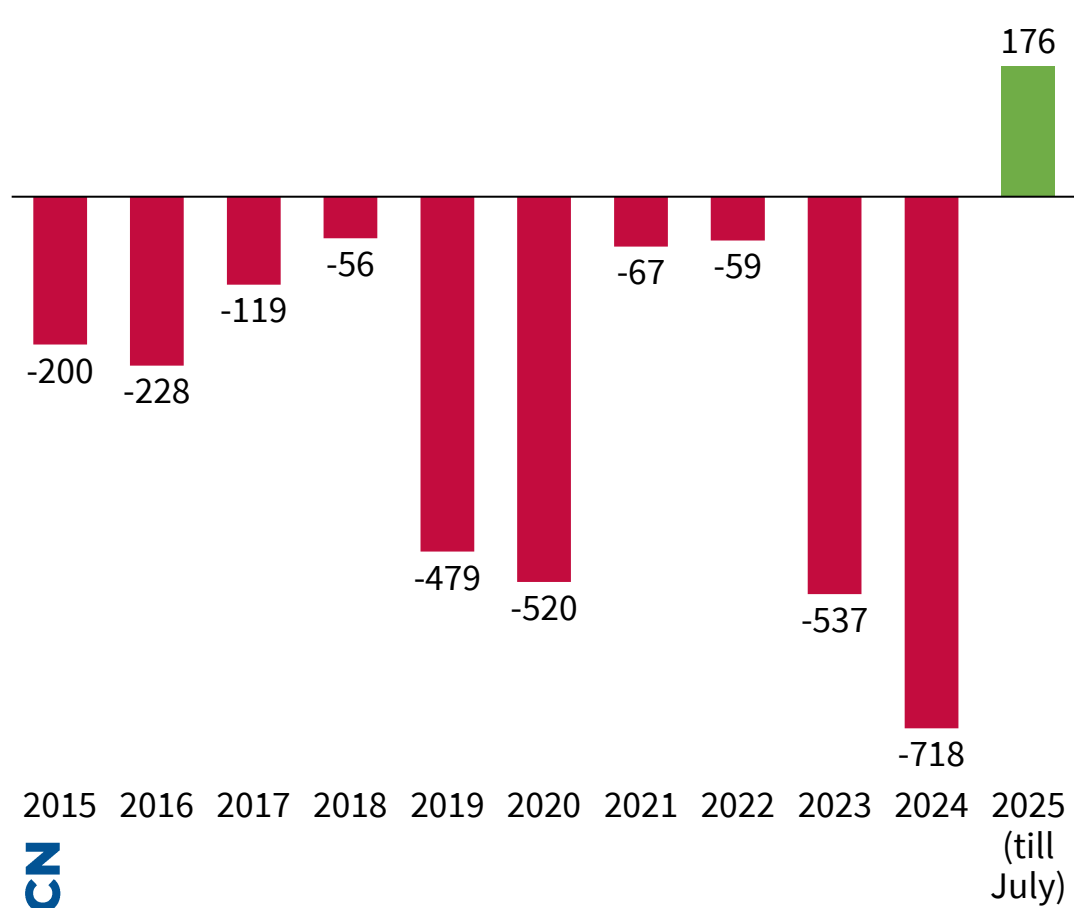


\*\*\*SMP/Butter : monthly weighted average of bi-weekly Oceania export prices

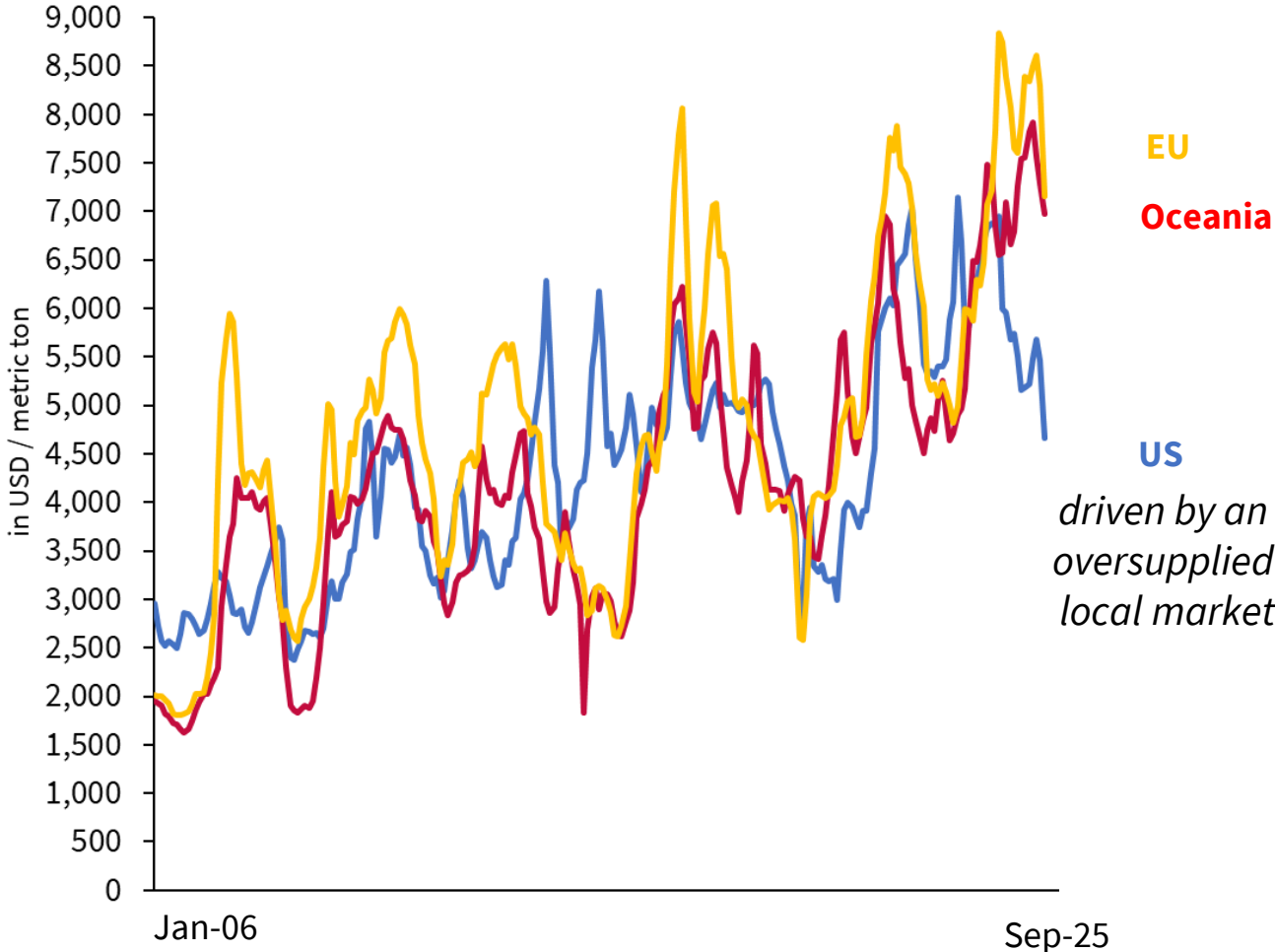
# Record butter price gap opens door for US imports into Europe



USA Butter Net Trade Balance in Kiloton ME

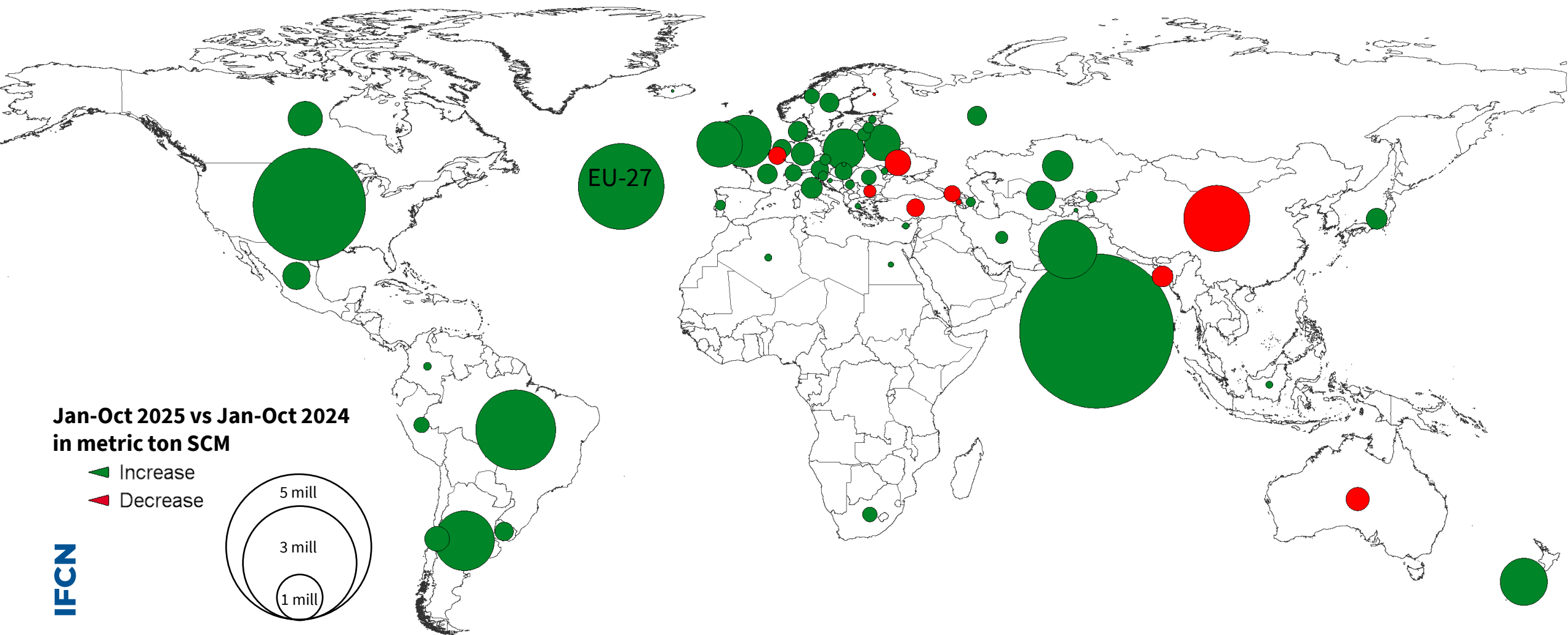


Butter prices across the global



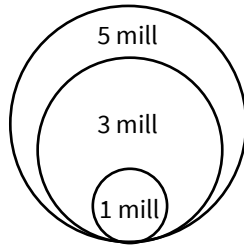
# Milk flows from every corner of the globe in 2025 (with few exceptions)

Absolute change in milk volumes (milk produced or delivered)



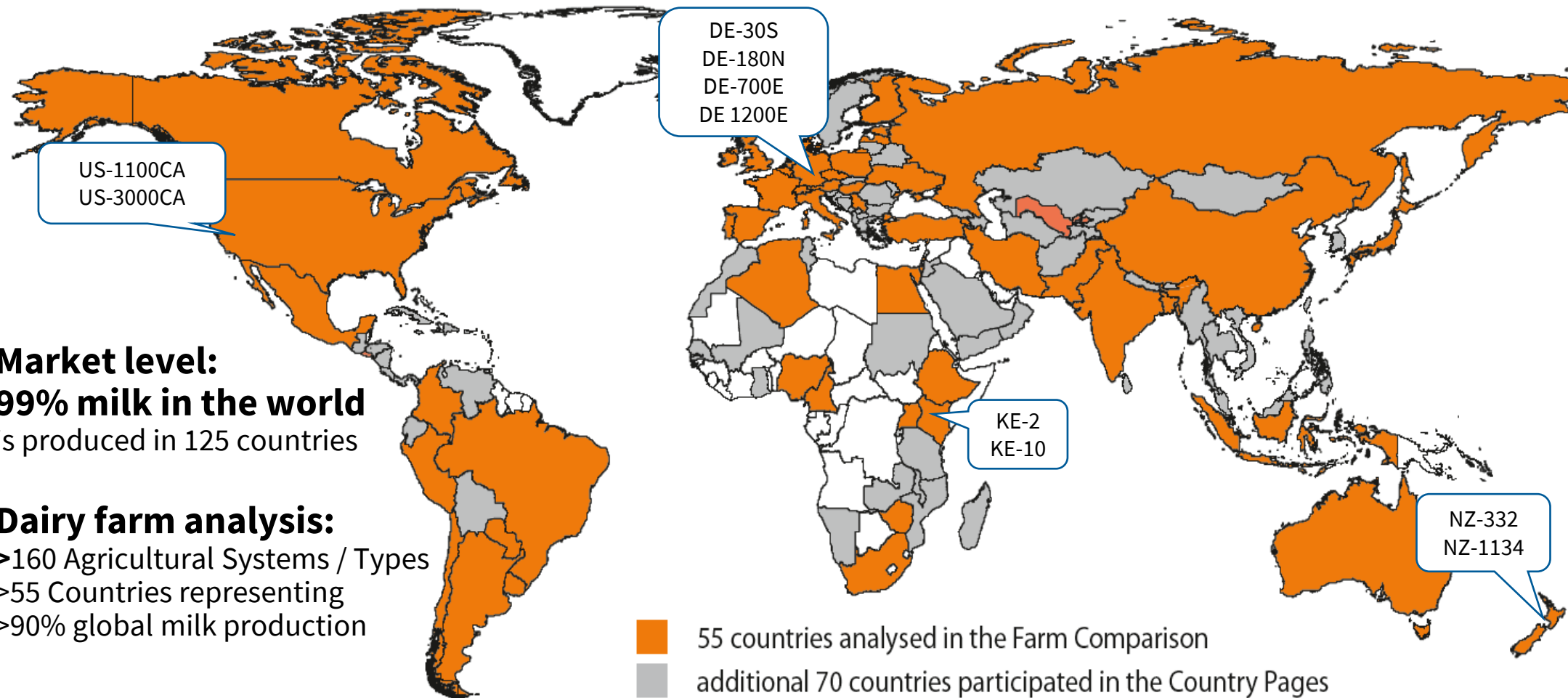
Jan-Oct 2025 vs Jan-Oct 2024  
in metric ton SCM

▲ Increase  
▼ Decrease





# Analysing typical dairy farms – benchmark of costs, production systems and farm economics



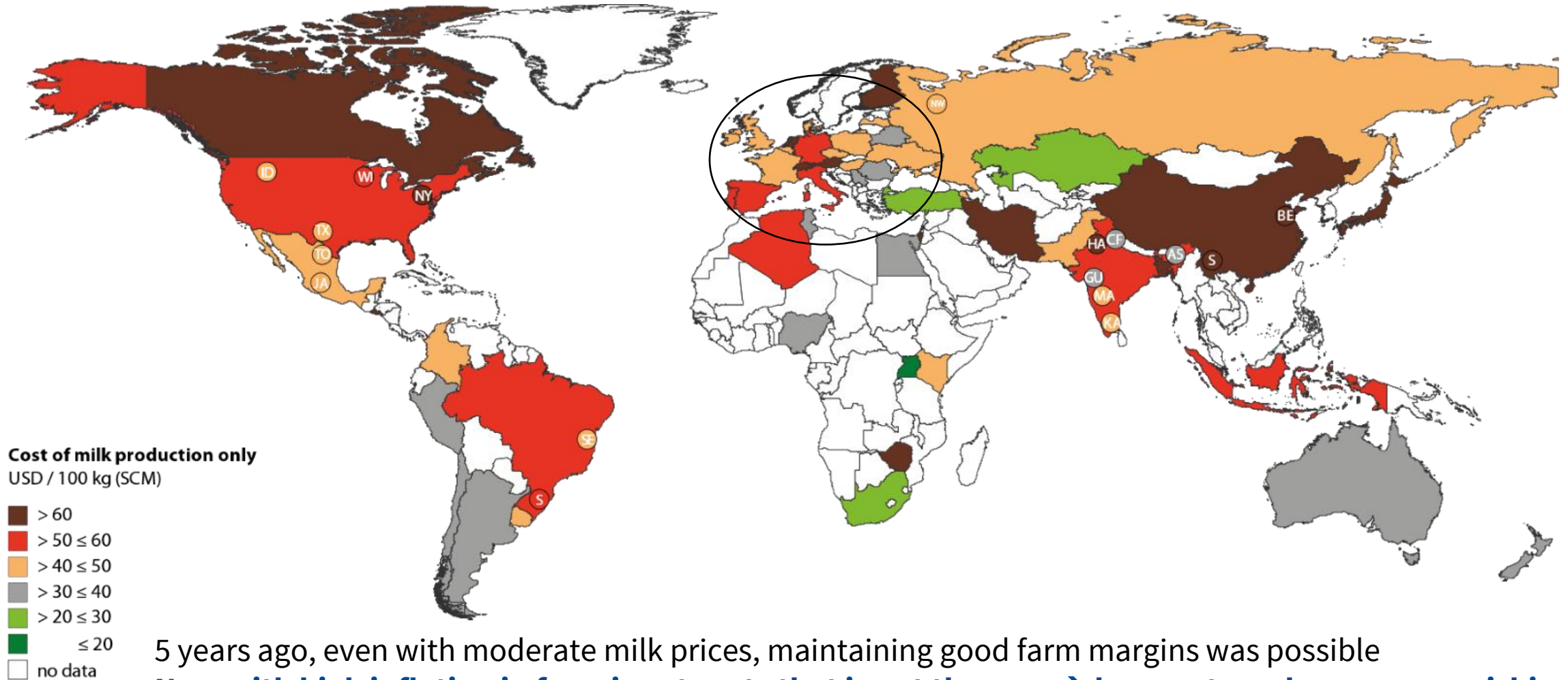
**Market level:**  
**99% milk in the world**  
is produced in 125 countries



**Dairy farm analysis:**  
>160 Agricultural Systems / Types  
>55 Countries representing  
>90% global milk production

# 75% of countries have costs of >40 USD

## Milk production cost is 19% higher vs. 5 years ago

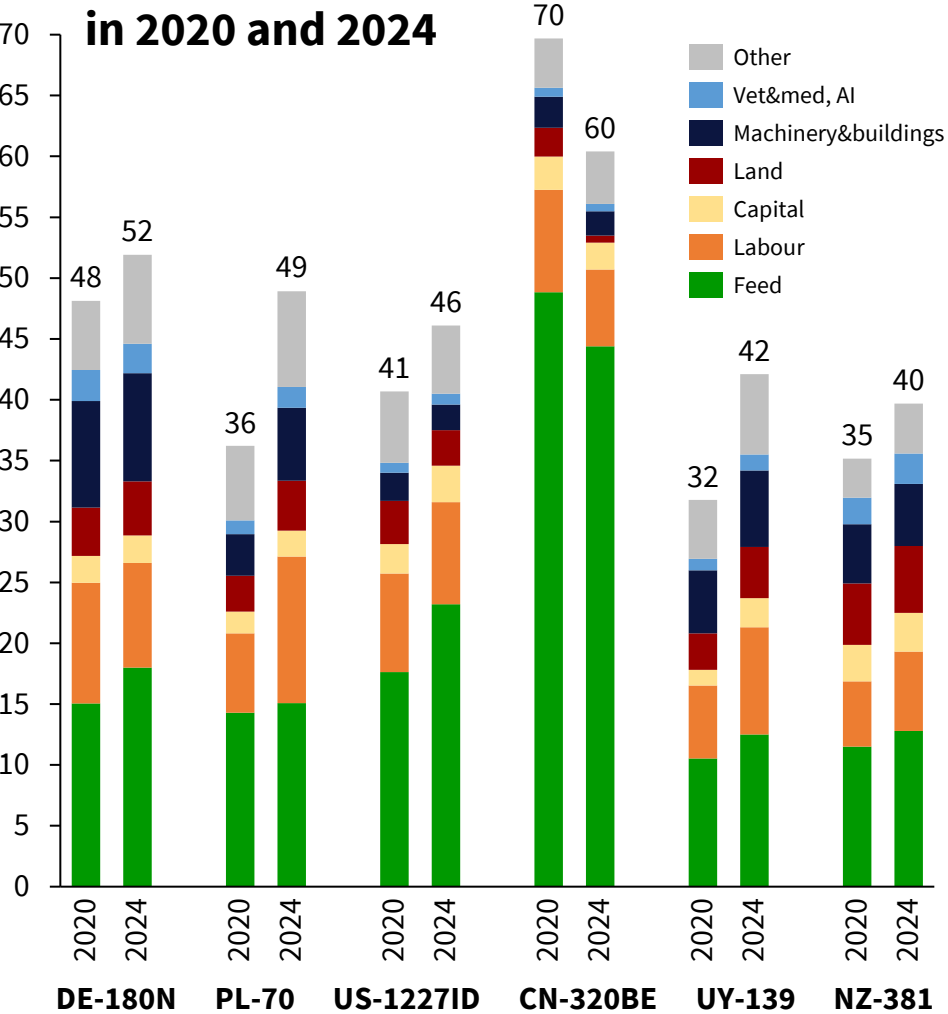


5 years ago, even with moderate milk prices, maintaining good farm margins was possible  
**Now with high inflation in farm input costs that is not the case → low-cost producers are vanishing**

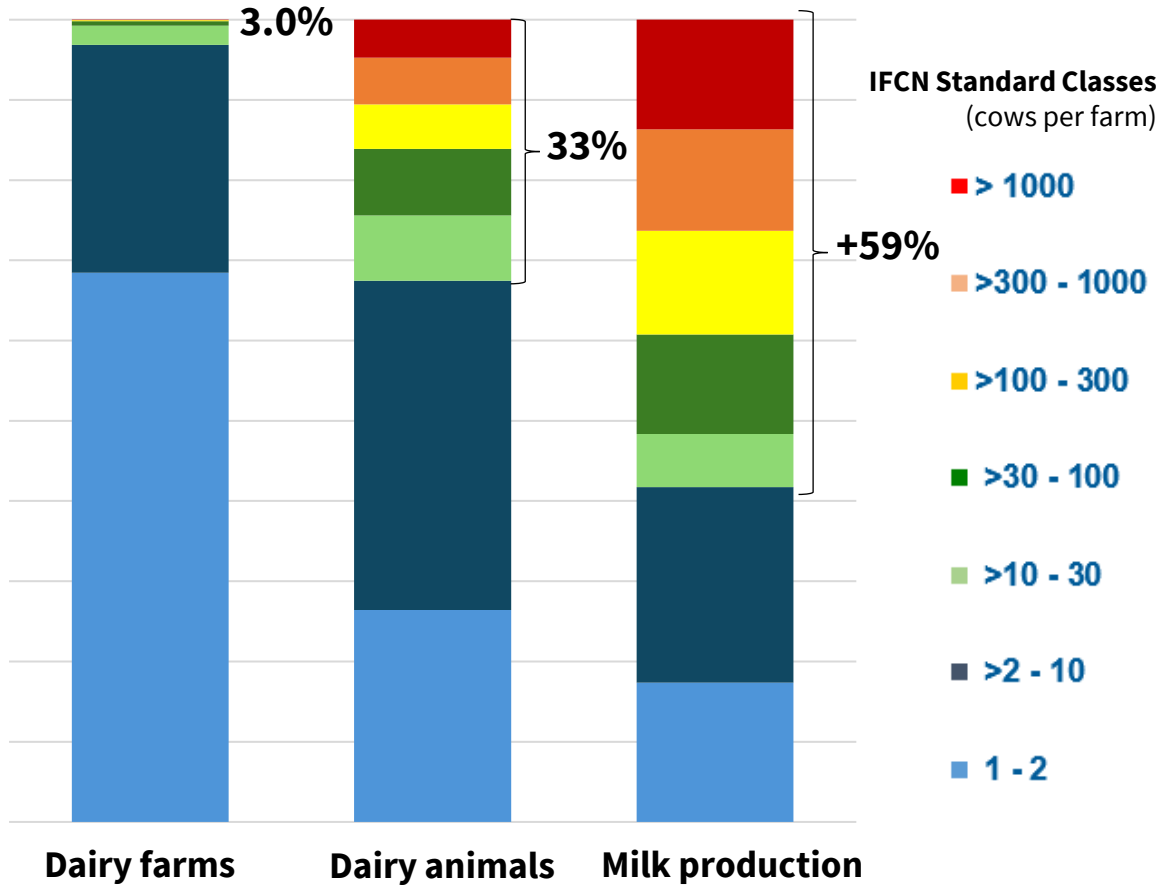
# The costs on average increased by +22% on all typical farms in the last 5 years and speeds up consolidation



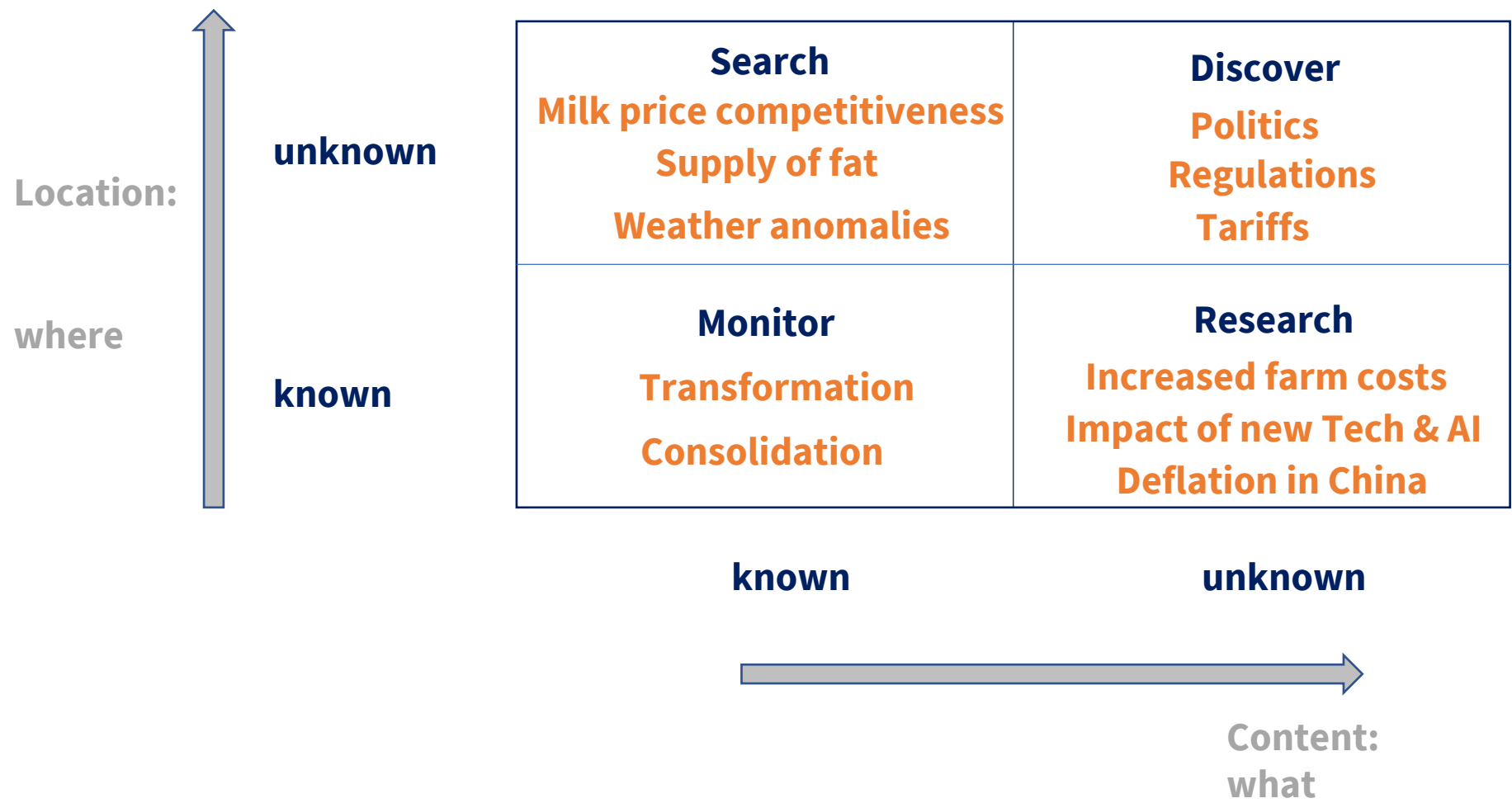
Cost components of the typical dairy farms in 2020 and 2024



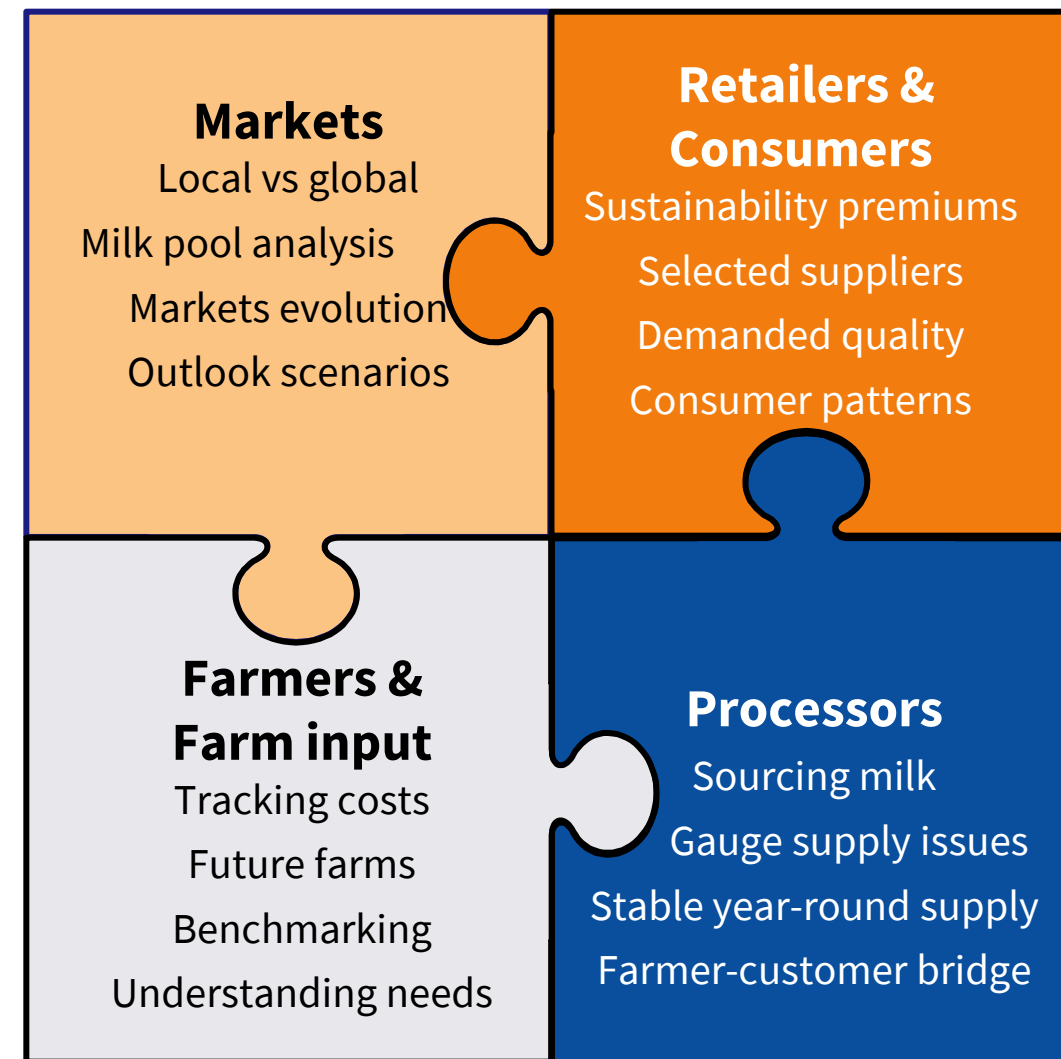
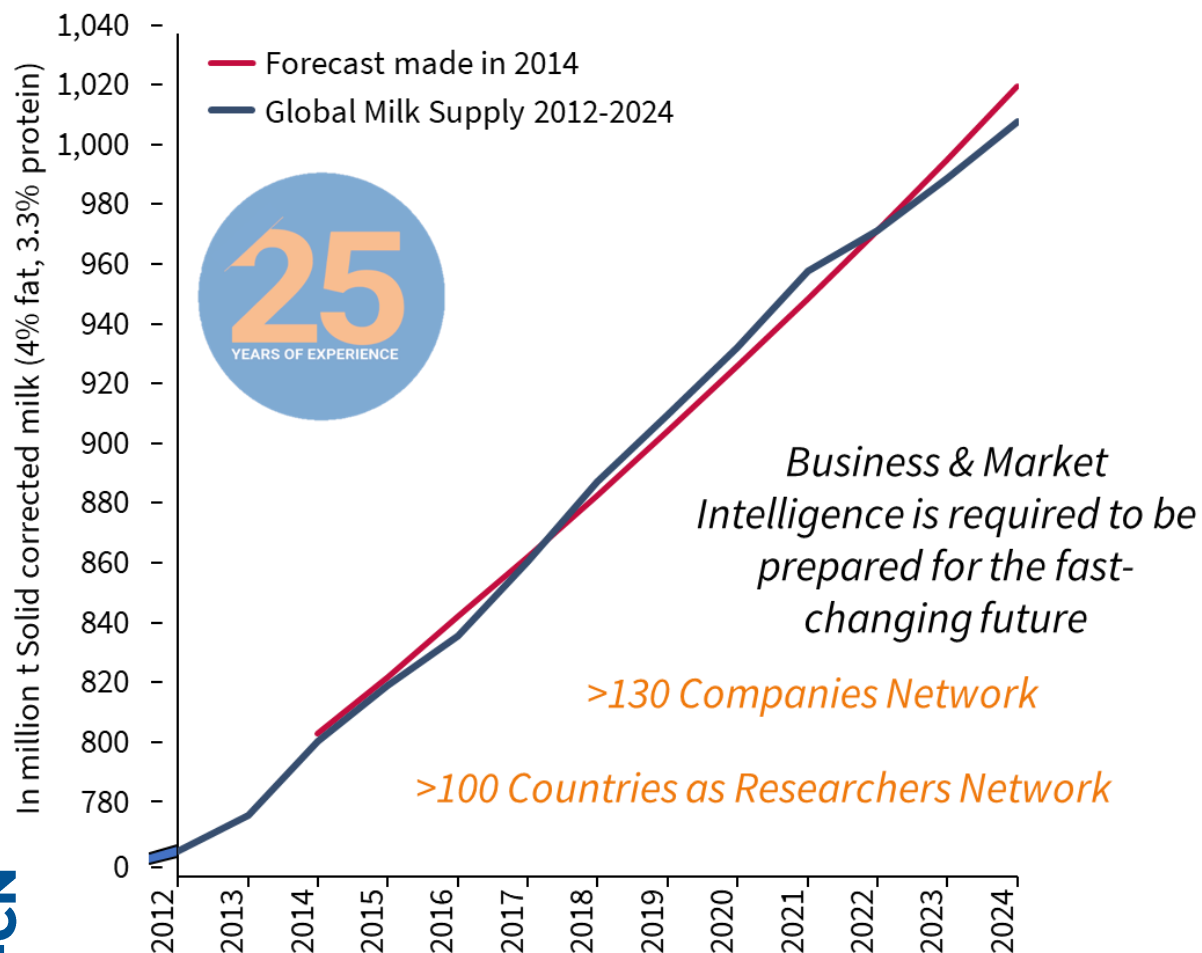
Global Farm Structure 2024



# Main “Known Unknowns” watch for in 2026



# From pieces to puzzle: building competitive strength together







+0.8 billion more people



+9 kg more “milk” consumed



+1 mill t ME more traded\*



-29 mill fewer dairy “cows”  
+0.6 t more milk per animal



-19 mill fewer dairy farms

# Dairy World in 2035 vs. 2024\*

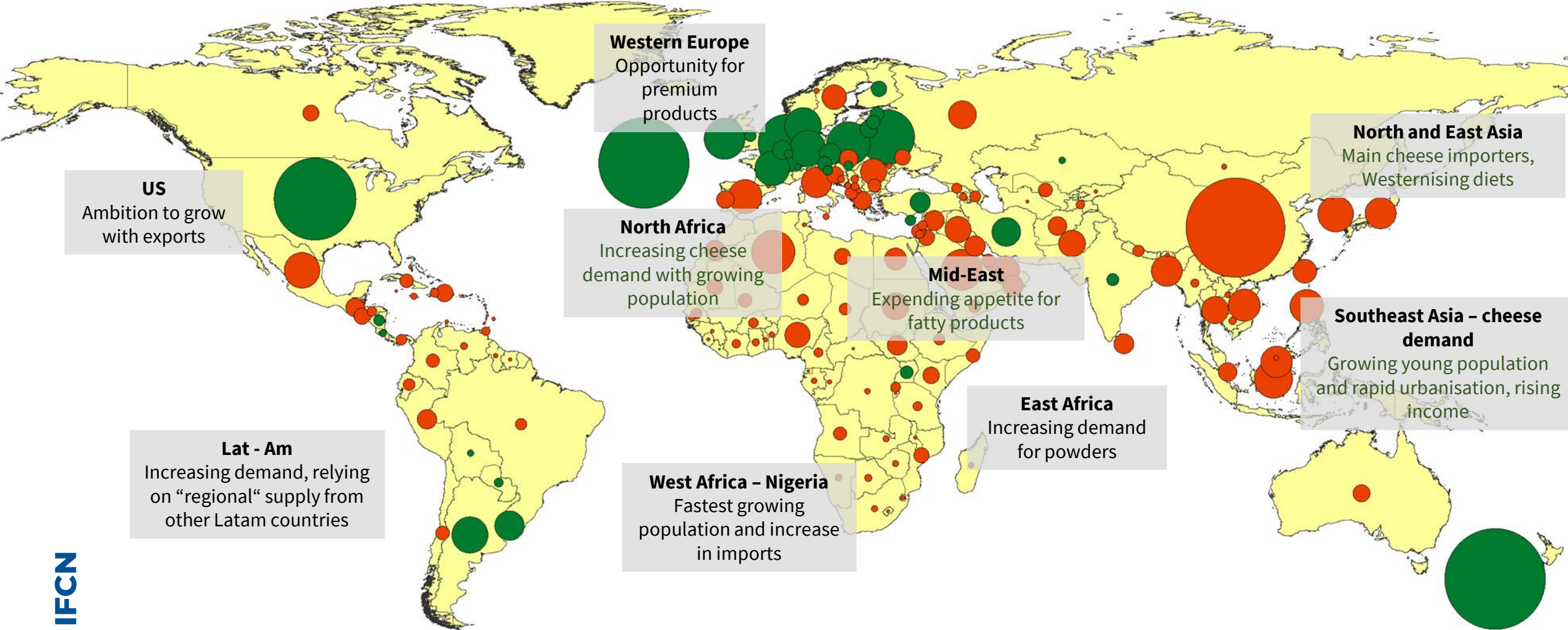
**+15% more milk  
produced and consumed**  
+154 mill t SCM  $\approx$  1.5 x USA today



\*IFCN Baseline Scenario - “Pro-Dairy”

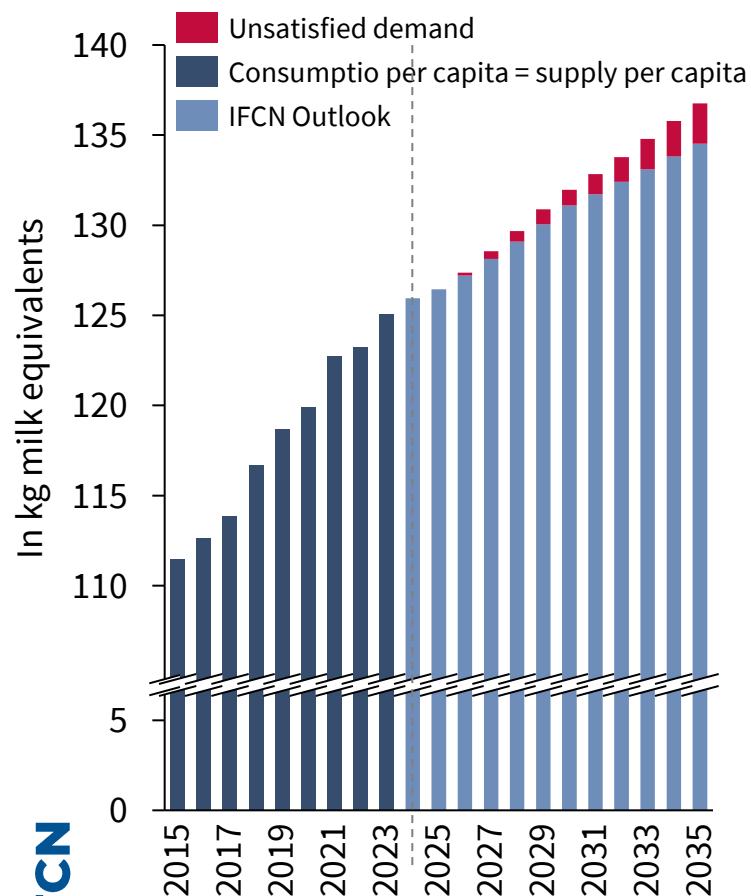
# Growth beyond challenges: There are a lot of opportunities to win in the future

## Milk surplus and deficit in 2035

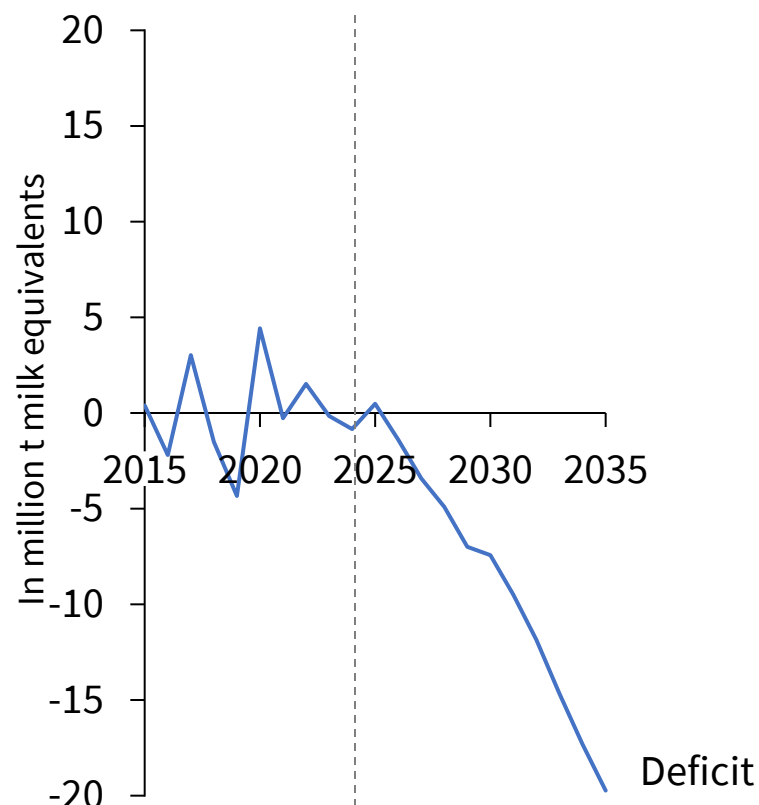


# Unsatisfied demand as a symptom of supply-side constraints

## World milk Production



## Milk supply and demand



## Current scenario considered

In the current methodology of the IFCN Long-term Dairy Outlook, a theoretical imbalance between supply and demand is allowed to highlight constraints in supply growth, while also capturing potential demand growth in certain countries. As a result, a projected global deficit reflects future unfulfilled demand — which is, demand that cannot be met under current conditions.

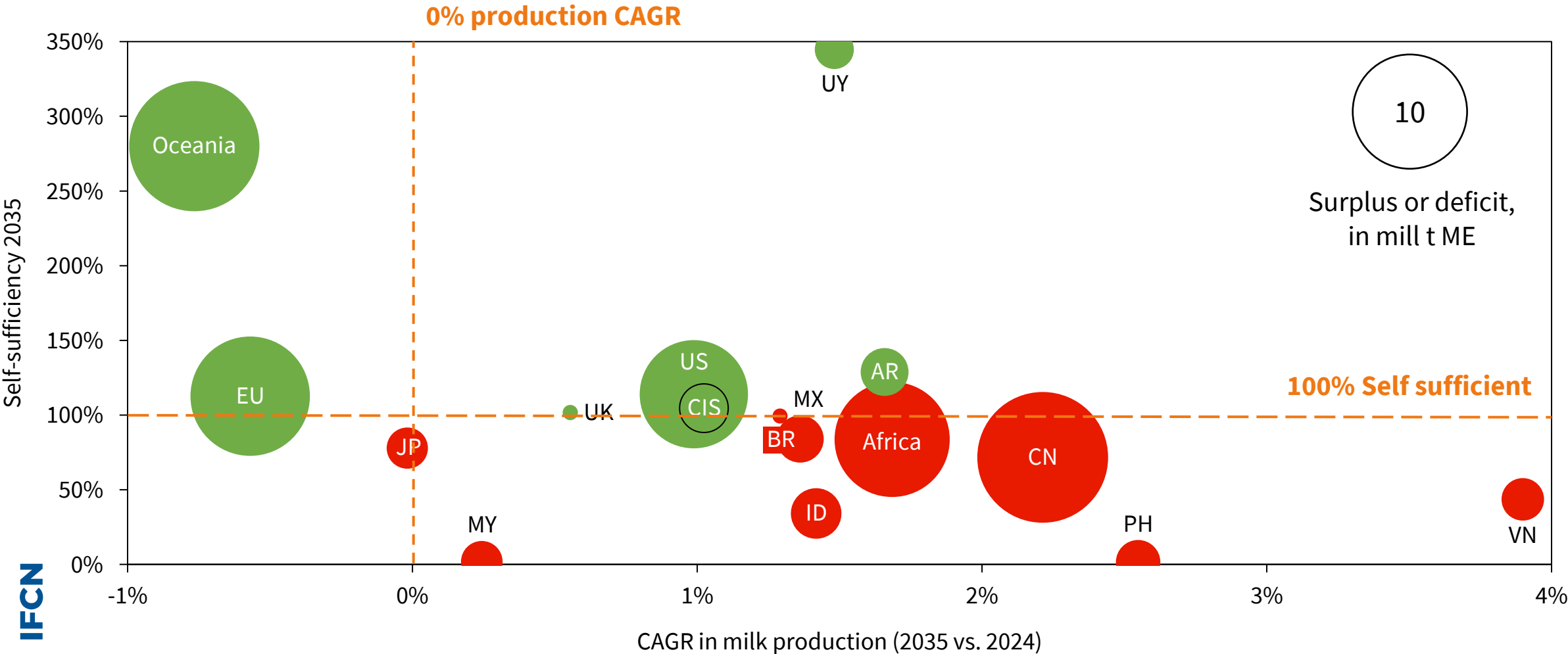
## New scenario considered for world

In the left chart, a scenario output is shown when supply equals demand. On a global level, this would mean significantly less dairy demand.

# The dairy gap: growing appetite meets limited self-supply and results in increasing imports

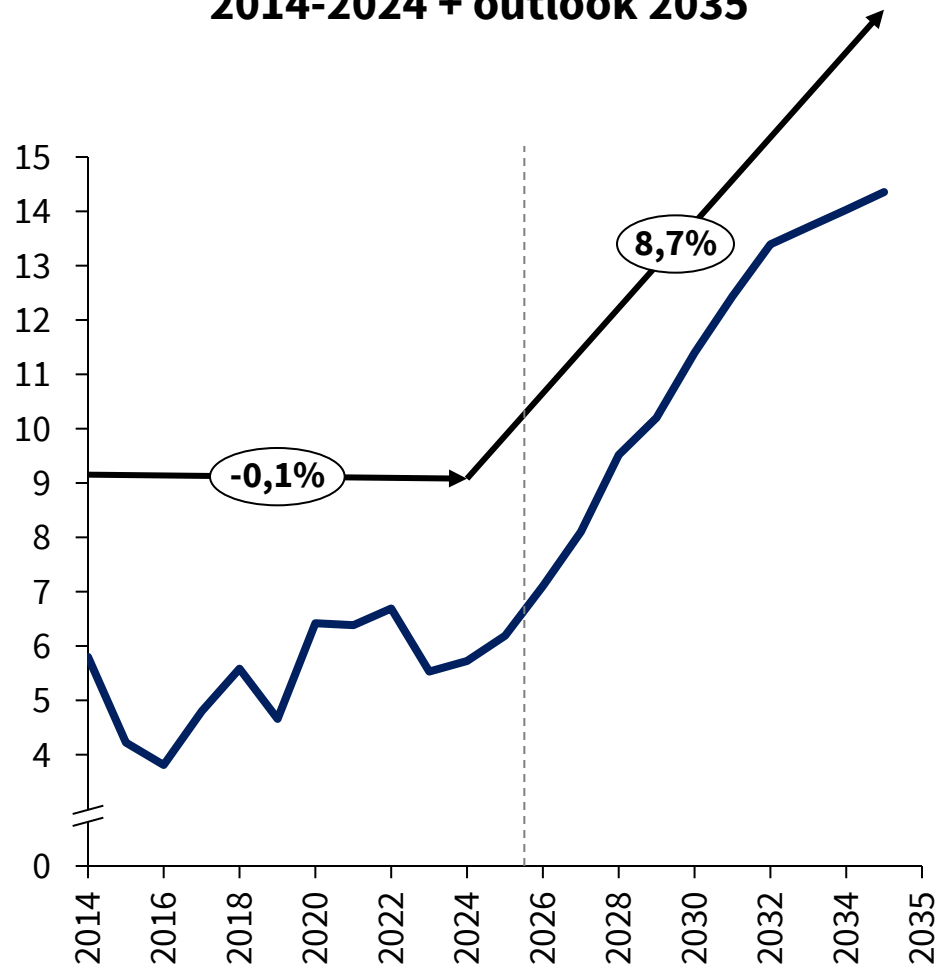


The balance between production growth and self-sufficiency defines future dairy trade needs per region

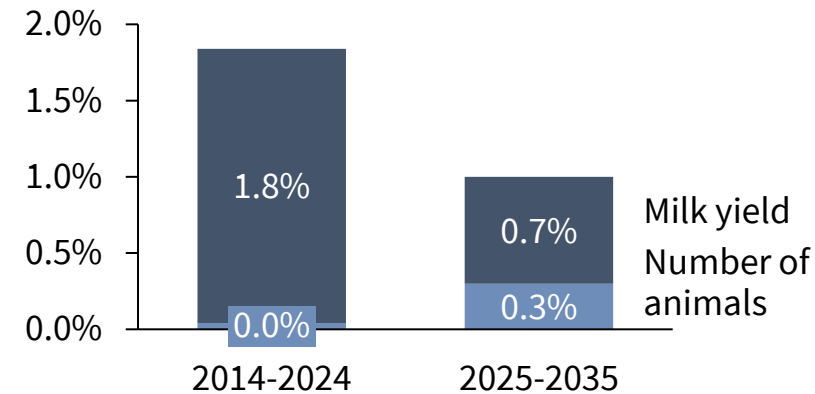


# US ambitions to grow with the exports: +8.6 mill t ME more to the global market

**Net dairy surplus  
2014-2024 + outlook 2035**

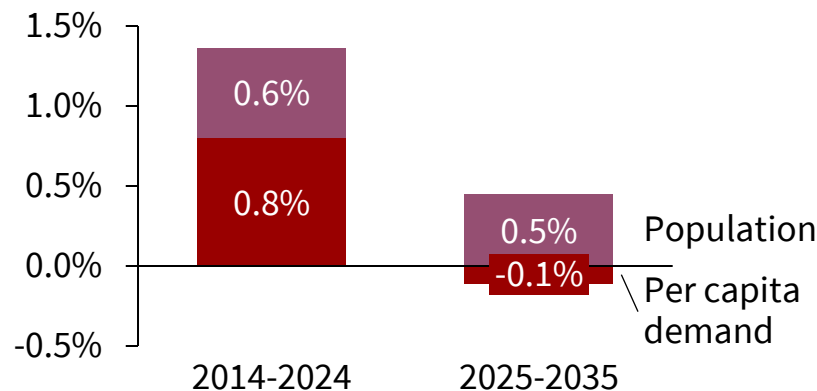


**Milk supply drivers**



- Reaching the natural animal capability in milk output and solids
- Needs to grow in order to keep the supply

**Milk demand drivers**



- IMF population forecast
- Per capita demand needs to slowdown for exports to grow

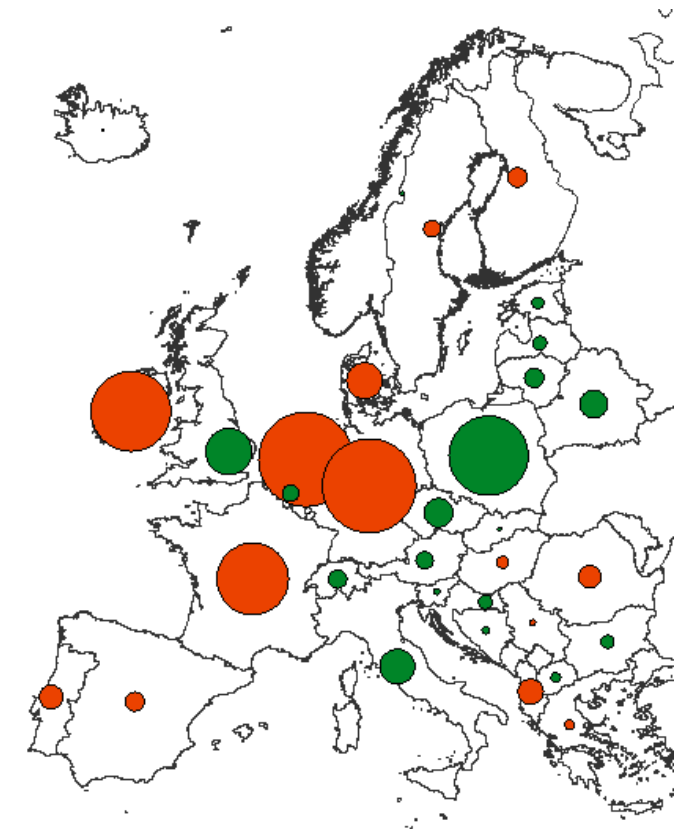


# EU dairy and policy-driven sustainability: farming regulations as a kind of new quota

- EU-15 **-11.5 mill t SCM** vs EU-13 **+ 1.6mill t SCM** until 2035
- Number of dairy animals decrease **-1.6%** CAGR 2024-2035
- Milk yield increase **+1.1%** CAGR 2024-2035, stronger potential in Eastern parts of the EU
- Constraints to grow larger farms with the size and lack of succession

**Can EU farmers still secure the acceptable farm income for future farmers?**

**Increase and decrease in milk production  
2035 vs 2024 in mill t**



- Increase in milk production in mill t
- Decrease in milk production in mill t

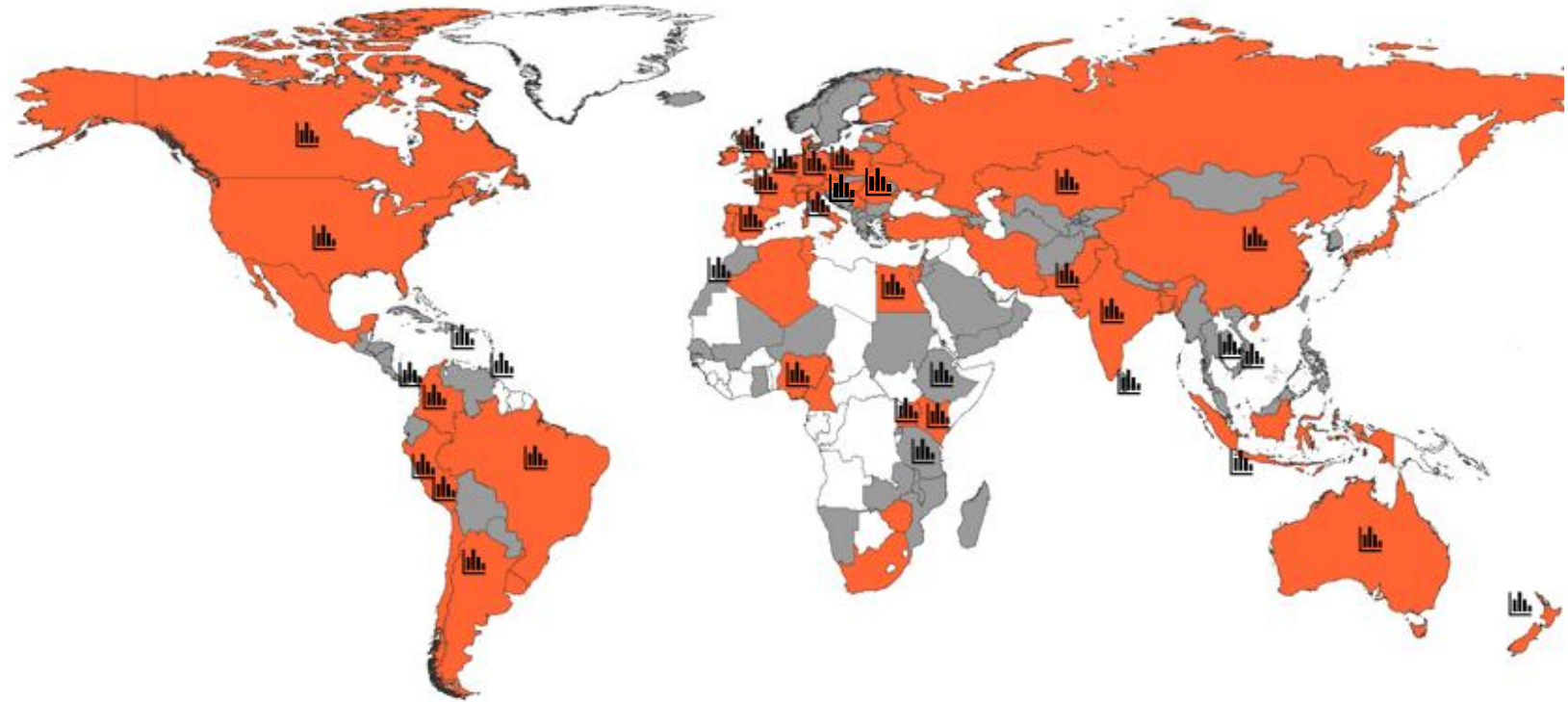
# IFCN Projects

Deep dive into specific topics  
to support the decision-  
making process

Last 12 months we did more than 30  
research projects.

We do projects in various areas  
including:

- Future milk pool analysis
- Dairy farming and dairy sector analysis
- Strategic sustainability goals
- Supply chain analysis
- Living wages
- Impact analysis
- Dairy impact methodology



 Countries covered by IFCN projects in the last 3 years  
... and more in progress





# HOW TO CONTACT US

For further information about the **IFCN Dairy Research Network**, please contact us using the contact data provided below:



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