SAFETY DATA SHEET



Metalosate® Multimineral Amino Acid Soluble Powder

Section 1. Identif	ication		
	: Metalosate® Multimineral Amino Acid Soluble Powder		
GHS product identifier Product code	: 08727		
Other means of	 . 00727 : Metalosate Multimineral Amino Acid Soluble Powder (08727); Multimineral Polvo 		
identification	Soluble (08727)		
Product type	: Powder.		
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against		
Identified uses			
Fertilizer.			
Uses advised against Not applicable.			
Supplier's details	: Balchem Corporation 5 Paragon Drive Suite 201 Montvale, NJ 07645 United States 1.845.326.5600		
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: sds@balchem.com		
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec CCN#2275 1.800.424.9300 (USA) +1.703.527.3887 (International)		
Section 2. Hazard	ds identification		
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).		
Classification of the substance or mixture	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2		
GHS label elements			
Hazard pictograms			
Signal word	: Danger		
Hazard statements	 H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (brain) May form combustible dust concentrations in air. 		

Precautionary statements	2						
Prevention		: P280 - Wear eye or face protection. P260 - Do not breathe dust or mist.					
Response	P305 + P3 minutes. F	 P314 - Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. 					
Storage	: Not applic	able.					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5 July 2023	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	1/13		

Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.		
Supplemental label elements	: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.		
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.		

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
calcium chloride	≤11	10043-52-4
Sulfuric acid, copper salt, basic	≤5	1344-73-6
Sulfuric acid, manganese(2+) salt, hydrate (1:1:1)	≤5	10034-96-5
iron (II) sulfate (1:1) heptahydrate	≤5	7782-63-0
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1), monohydrate	≤4.4	7446-19-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fi	rst aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.			
· · ·				
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.			
Skin contact	o known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering			
	redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing			
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur			
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains			
ndication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary			
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate m self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with before removing it, or wear gloves. 			

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

-	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical powder.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Avoid high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: sulfur oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up		
Small spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.		
Large spill	:	Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.		

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not ingest. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
calcium chloride	None.
Sulfuric acid, copper salt, basic	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[copper salts dusts and mists, as Cu]
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: dust
	and mist
Sulfuric acid, manganese(2+) salt, hydrate (1:1:1)	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	[manganese compounds and fume as Mn]
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Mn) 10 hours. Form:
	Fume
	STEL: 3 mg/m ³ , (as Mn) 15 minutes. Form:
	Fume
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2022).
	[Manganese and inorganic compounds
	Inhalable fraction / Respirable fraction, as
	Mn]
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form:
	Inhalable fraction
	TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours. Form:
	Respirable fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[Manganese compounds (as Mn)]
	CEIL: 5 mg/m³, (as Mn)
	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).
	[Manganese compounds (as Mn)]
	CEIL: 5 mg/m³, (as Mn)
	CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	[manganese and compounds as Mn]
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Mn) 8 hours.
iron (II) sulfate (1:1) heptahydrate	None.
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1), monohydrate	None.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	 Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, va or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering contr to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statu limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. 					
Environmental exposure controls	they comp cases, fun	from ventilation or work pr ly with the requirements of ne scrubbers, filters or engi essary to reduce emissions	environmental protection neering modifications to	n legislation. In some		
Individual protection measure	ures					
Hygiene measures	eating, sm Appropriat Wash con	ds, forearms and face thore oking and using the lavator e techniques should be use aminated clothing before r re close to the workstation	ry and at the end of the w ed to remove potentially o eusing. Ensure that eye	vorking period. contaminated clothing.		
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5 July 2023	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version :1 5/1		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Solid. [Powder.]
Color	:	Tan. Brown.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	4 to 4.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 1%]
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	Not available.
Flash point	:	Not applicable.
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	1	Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	:	Not available.
Relative vapor density	:	Not applicable.
Relative density	1	Not available.
Solubility in water	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not applicable.
Decomposition temperature	4	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Not applicable.
Maximum rate of pressure rise	1	Not available.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	:	Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
calcium chloride Sulfuric acid, copper salt,	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	1 g/kg 300 mg/kg	-
basic iron (II) sulfate (1:1) heptahydrate	LD50 Oral	Mouse	1520 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Sulfuric acid, manganese(2+) salt, hydrate (1:1:1)	Category 2	inhalation	brain

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effect	'S
Eye contact	- Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat and lungs.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the ph	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	<u>fects</u>
Not available.	
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Repeated or prolonged inhalation of dust may lead to chronic respiratory irritation.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
Metalosate® Multimineral Amino Acid Soluble Powder calcium chloride	2248.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfuric acid, copper salt, basic	300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfuric acid, manganese(2+) salt, hydrate (1:1:1)	2150	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1), monohydrate	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 11. Toxicological information

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
calcium chloride	Acute EC50 3130000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Navicula seminulum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 270 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 52000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2110 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Sulfuric acid, copper salt, basic	Acute EC50 89 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.47 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
iron (II) sulfate (1:1) heptahydrate	Acute EC50 7.1 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 20.8 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.
	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Date of issue/Date of	revision : 5 July 20	23 Date of previou	us issue : No pre	evious validation Vers	sion :1 9/13

Section 14. Transport information

Section 14. Transport information					
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional inform	ation				

Additional information DOT Classification

- : <u>Reportable quantity</u> 23255.8 lbs / 10558.1 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
- Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to	IMO	instruments	

Section 15. Regulatory information

	-
U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307 : Sulfuric acid, copper salt, basic; Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1: 1), monohydrate
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311 : iron (II) sulfate (1:1) heptahydrate; Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1), monohydrate
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
SARA 302/304	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Composition/information	on ingredients

Section 15. Regulatory information

Name	%	Classification	
Protein hydrolyzates, vegetable	≥50 - ≤75	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS	
calcium chloride	≤11	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	
Sulfuric acid, copper salt, basic	≤5	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3	
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	
Sulfuric acid, manganese(2+)	≤5	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	
salt, hydrate (1:1:1)		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED	
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1),	≤4.4	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4	
monohydrate		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Sulfuric acid, copper salt, basic	1344-73-6	≤5
	Sulfuric acid, manganese(2+) salt, hydrate (1:1:1)	10034-96-5	≤5
	Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1), monohydrate	7446-19-7	≤4.4
Supplier notification	Sulfuric acid, copper salt, basic	1344-73-6	≤5
	Sulfuric acid, manganese(2+) salt, hydrate (1:1:1)	10034-96-5	≤5
	Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1), monohydrate	7446-19-7	≤4.4

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: FERROUS SULFATE (HEPAHYDRATE)
New York	: The following components are listed: Ferrous sulfate
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: COPPER compounds; ZINC compounds
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: COPPER COMPOUNDS; MANGANESE COMPOUNDS; FERROUS SULFATE; ZINC COMPOUNDS

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Data of incurs (Data of revision	+ 5 July 2022 Data of provide incurs incurs	11/1
Thailand	: Not determined.	
Taiwan	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.	
Philippines	: All components are listed or exempted.	
New Zealand	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
Eurasian Economic Union	: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.	
China	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Canada	: All components are listed or exempted.	
Australia	: All components are listed or exempted.	

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 15. Regulatory information

Turkey

United States

Viet Nam

- Not determined.Not determined.
- Not determined.
- : All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2		JustificationOn basis of test dataCalculation methodCalculation method	
Date of printing	: 5 July 2023		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 5 July 2023		
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation		
Version	: 1		
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classificatio IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevent as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = ma N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations	efficient ion of Pollution From Ships, 1973	
References	: Not available.		

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
<u>Notice to reader</u>

Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.