

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

## Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Product name
Registration number REACH
Product type REACH
Formula

- : Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90
- : Not applicable (mixture)
- : Mixture : C2H4O+CO2

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses Industrial use Biocide

## 1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

## Supplier of the safety data sheet

BALCHEM NV Westvaartdijk 85 B-1850 Grimbergen Belgium 🕾 +32 2 251 60 87 +32 2 252 17 51 info.grimbergen@balchem.com

## Manufacturer of the product

BALCHEM NV Westvaartdijk 85 B-1850 Grimbergen Belgium 🕾 +32 2 251 60 87 +32 2 252 17 51 info.grimbergen@balchem.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch) :

+32 14 58 45 45 (BIG) 24h/24h :

Ireland: +353 (0)1 809 2166 (available to the public 08:00 - 22:00)

UK: NHS 111 (24h)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Flam. Gas	category 1	H220: Extremely flammable gas.
Press. Gas	Liquefied gas	H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Chem. Unst. Gas	Category A	H230: May react explosively even in the absence of air.
Carc.	category 1B	H350: May cause cancer.
Muta.	category 1B	H340: May cause genetic defects.
STOT RE	category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Acute Tox.	category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Acute Tox.	category 4	H302: Harmful if swallowed.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

## 2.2. Label elements



Created by: Brandweerinformatiecentrum voor gevaarlijke stoffen vzw (BIG) Technische Schoolstraat 43 A, B-2440 Geel http://www.big.be © BIG vzw

Publication date: 2019-03-14

134-16453-657-en Reference number: 5120-5121-5123-5125-5130-5135-5195

Revision number: 0000

Product number: 61509



$\sim$	
Contains: ethylene oxide.	
Signal word	Danger
H-statements	
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H230	May react explosively even in the absence of air.
H350	May cause cancer.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H302 + H332	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
P-statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P260	Do not breathe gas.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing.
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
Supplemental information	
	Restricted to professional users.

## 2.3. Other hazards

Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard Odour threshold is well above the exposure limit Produces effects on the nervous system May cause frostbites Caution! Substance is absorbed through the skin

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

## 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

## 3.2. Mixtures

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark
ethylene oxide 01-2119432402-53	75-21-8 200-849-9	9% <c≤58%< td=""><td>Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280 Chem. Unst. Gas A; H230 Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 1B; H340 Acute Tox. 3; H331 STOT RE 1; H372 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335</td><td>(1)(2)(6)(10)</td><td>Constituent</td></c≤58%<>	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280 Chem. Unst. Gas A; H230 Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 1B; H340 Acute Tox. 3; H331 STOT RE 1; H372 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335	(1)(2)(6)(10)	Constituent
carbon dioxide	124-38-9 204-696-9	42% <c≤91%< td=""><td>Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280</td><td>(1)(2)(I)</td><td>Constituent</td></c≤91%<>	Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280	(1)(2)(I)	Constituent

(1) For H-statements in full: see heading 16

(2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

(6) Enumerated in Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 but the classification has been adapted after evaluation of available test data

(10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

(I) Exempted from registration under REACH according to Annex IV (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006)

Publication date: 2019-03-14

Reference number: 5120-5121-5123-5125-5130-5135-5195

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### General:

Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

#### After inhalation:

Remove the victim into fresh air. Do not apply mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

#### After skin contact:

Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. In case of frostbites: Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital.

### After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents without medical advice. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion:

Not applicable.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

#### 4.2.1 Acute symptoms After inhalation:

Dry/sore throat. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Dizziness. Disturbances of consciousness. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Disturbances of heart rate. Respiratory difficulties. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Cramps/uncontrolled muscular contractions. Risk of lung oedema.

#### After skin contact:

Frostbites. Tingling/irritation of the skin. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Swelling of the skin. Red skin. Blisters. May stain the skin. AFTER CONTACT WITH WATER: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.

After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue. Frostbites.

After ingestion:

No effects known.

- 4.2.2 Delayed symptoms
  - No effects known.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

## 5.1. Extinguishing media

#### 5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher.

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher, Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam. Major fire: Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Polymerizes on exposure to temperature rise. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

## 5.3.1 Instructions:

If no hazard for/from the surroundings: controlled burning. If hazardous substances are nearby: consider extinguishment. Extinguish only if gas supply/leak can be shut afterwards. Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistant risk of physical explosion. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

## 5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Insulating gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit. Compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep upwind. Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Avoid ingress of water in the containers.

## 6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See heading 8.2

#### 6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Insulating gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit. Suitable protective clothing

Publication date: 2019-03-14

## See heading 8.2

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Tip the container on one side to stop the leakage. Try to reduce evaporation. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

See heading 13.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Observe strict hygiene. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

## 7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Storage temperature: < 50 °C. Store in a cool area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Provide for an automatic sprinkler system. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Keep only in the original container. Meet the legal requirements.

## 7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources, combustible materials, oxidizing agents, metals.

## 7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Steel, stainless steel, synthetic material.

7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

Aluminium, iron, copper, tin.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

## 8.1. Control parameters

## 8.1.1 Occupational exposure

## a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

### EU

Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	5000 ppm
Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	9000 mg/m³
Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	1 ppm
Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational exposure limit value)	1.8 mg/m³

#### Belgium

Carbone (dioxyde de)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	5000 ppm (A)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	9131 mg/m³ (A)
	Short time value	30000 ppm (A)
	Short time value	54784 mg/m³ (A)
Oxyde d'éthylène	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

La mention "A" signifie que l'agent libère un gaz ou une vapeur qui n'ont en eux-mêmes aucun effet physiologique mais peuvent diminuer le taux d'oxygène dans l'air. Lorsque le taux d'oxygène descend en dessous de 17-18 % (vol/vol) le manque d'oxygène provoque des suffocations qu'aucun symptôme préalable n'annonce

## The Netherlands

,	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.46 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	0.84 mg/m³
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	4919 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure limit value)	9000 mg/m³

Publication date: 2019-03-14

Reference number: 5120-5121-5123-5125-5130-5135-5195

Revision number: 0000

Product number: 61509

Carbone (dioxyde de)		Time-weighted average	exposure limit 8 h (VRI: Va	leur réglementaire	5000 ppm
		indicative)			9000 mg/n
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (VRI: Valeur réglementaire indicative)			
Oxyde d'éthylène		Time-weighted average	exposure limit 8 h (VL: Val	eur non	1 ppm
		réglementaire indicative Short time value (VL: Val	) leur non réglementaire ind	icative)	5 ppm
Germany					
Kohlenstoffdioxid			exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 9		5000 ppm
		Time-weighted average	exposure limit 8 h (TRGS 9	00)	9100 mg/n
UK Carbon dioxide		Time weighted average	exposure limit 8 h (Workpl		5000 ppm
		(EH40/2005))	exposure limit 8 h (Workpi		9150 mg/r
		(EH40/2005))	· · ·	·	
			blace exposure limit (EH40/ blace exposure limit (EH40/	,,	15000 ppn 27400 mg/
Ethylene oxide		Time-weighted average	exposure limit 8 h (Workpl		5 ppm
		(EH40/2005)) Time-weighted average (	exposure limit 8 h (Workpl	ace exposure limit	9.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
L		(EH40/2005))			5.2 mg/ m
USA (TLV-ACGIH)					
Carbon dioxide			exposure limit 8 h (TLV - A	dopted Value)	5000 ppm
Ethylene oxide		Short time value (TLV - A Time-weighted average (	Adopted Value) exposure limit 8 h (TLV - A	dopted Value)	30000 ppn 1 ppm
b) National biological limit values					1 ppm
If limit values are applicable and available	ble these will be listed be	low			
	ble these will be listed be				
USA (BEI-ACGIH)	Clabin, not oritical		5000 pm al/a		
Ethyleen oxide (N-(2-hydroxyethyl) valine (HEV) hemoglobin adducts)	Globin: not critical		5000 pmol/g		
	Unione - 1 - 6 - 1 - 16		<b></b>		
Ethyleen oxide (S-(2-hydroxyethyl) mercapturic acid (HEMA))	Urine: end of shift		5 μg/g creatinine		
c) Nationale Akzeptanz- und Toleranzk	<u>conzentrationen</u>				
Germany					-
Ethylenoxid		Akzeptanzkonzentration	· · · · ·		0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
1		Toleranzkonzentration (	/		2 mg/m³ (I
1		Akzeptanzkonzentration	(TRGS 910)		10.4
			. ,		
		Toleranzkonzentration (	. ,		
b, e: Akzeptanzkonzentration assoziier		Toleranzkonzentration (	TRGS 910)		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie		Toleranzkonzentration (	TRGS 910)		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor		Toleranzkonzentration (	TRGS 910)		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods		Toleranzkonzentration (1	TRGS 910) Absenkung erfolgt nicht		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name		Toleranzkonzentration (1 Idungsrate, eine weitere	TRGS 910) Absenkung erfolgt nicht Number		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide		Toleranzkonzentration (1 Idungsrate, eine weitere Test NIOSH	TRGS 910) Absenkung erfolgt nicht Number 6603		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil	Toleranzkonzentration († Idungsrate, eine weitere Test NIOSH OSHA	TRGS 910) Absenkung erfolgt nicht Number 6603 ID 172		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g	ert mit der endogenen Bil	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration) Test NIOSH OSHA NIOSH	TRGS 910) Absenkung erfolgt nicht 6603 ID 172 3800		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham)	ert mit der endogenen Bil	Toleranzkonzentration († Idungsrate, eine weitere Test NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NON	Number         6603         10 172         3800         14		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NON NIOSH	Number         6603           ID 172         3800           14         1614		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NON NIOSH NIOSH	Number         6603           ID 172         3800           14         1614           3702         3702		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NON NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA	Number           6603           ID 172           3800           14           1614           3702           1010		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NON NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA	Number         6603         10           10         172         3800         14           1614         3702         1010         30		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor <b>2 Sampling methods</b> <b>Product name</b> Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA	Number         6603           ID 172         3800           14         1614           3702         1010           30         49		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor .2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR)	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA	Number         6603         10           10         172         3800         14           1614         3702         1010         30		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA as intended	Number         6603           ID 172         3800           14         1614           3702         1010           30         49		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor <b>2 Sampling methods</b> <b>Product name</b> Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA as intended	Number         6603           ID 172         3800           14         1614           3702         1010           30         49		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA as intended	Number         6603           ID 172         3800           14         1614           3702         1010           30         49		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA as intended	Number         6603           ID 172         3800           14         1614           3702         1010           30         49		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture	Toleranzkonzentration ( Idungsrate, eine weitere NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA as intended	Number         6603           ID 172         3800           14         1614           3702         1010           30         49	Remark	
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - NIOSH OSHA NIOSH NIOSH NIOSH OSHA OSHA OSHA OSHA as intended elow.	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50	Remark	
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - WORKEN DMEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50	Remark	
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - WORKEN DMEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be Long-term systemic effec	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50	Remark	
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - Workers ethylene Oxide Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) DMEL DNEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be Long-term systemic effec	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50	Remark	
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - Workers ethylene Oxide Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) DMEL DNEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be Long-term systemic effec	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50	Remark	
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - Workers ethylene Oxide Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) DMEL DNEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be Long-term systemic effec	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - Workers ethylene Oxide Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) DMEL DNEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be Long-term systemic effec	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50		
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - Workers ethylene Oxide Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) DMEL DNEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be Long-term systemic effec	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50	019-03-14	1 ppm (ÜF
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - Workers ethylene Oxide Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) DMEL DNEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be Long-term systemic effec	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Value         2 mg/m³         10 mg/m³		1 ppm (ÜF:
die Akzeptanzkonzentration ist assoziie ÜF: Überschreitungsfaktor 2 Sampling methods Product name Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic g Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide DNEL/DMEL - Workers ethylene Oxide Effect level (DNEL/DMEL) DMEL DNEL	ert mit der endogenen Bil gases by Extractive FTIR) he substance or mixture ble these will be listed be Long-term systemic effec	Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration (Toleranzkonzentration)) Idungsrate, eine weitere - Idungsrate, e	Number         6603         ID 172         3800         14         1614         3702         1010         30         49         50	)19-03-14 r: 5120-5121-5123-	0.1 ppm (b 1 ppm (ÜF: -5125-5130-

Compartments	Value	Remark
Fresh water	0.084 mg/l	
Marine water	0.0084 mg/l	
Aqua (intermittent releases)	0.84 mg/l	
STP	13 mg/l	
Fresh water sediment	0.329 mg/kg sediment dw	
Marine water sediment	0.0329 mg/kg sediment dw	
Soil	0.0165 mg/kg soil dw	

#### 8.1.5 Control banding

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

## 8.2. Exposure controls

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation.

## 8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe strict hygiene. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

## a) Respiratory protection:

Full face mask with filter type A at conc. in air > exposure limit. High vapour/gas concentration: self-contained respirator.

b) Hand protection:

Insulated gloves.

- materials (good resistance)

Butyl rubber.

#### c) Eye protection: Protective goggles.

d) Skin protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See headings 6.2, 6.3 and 13

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Gas
Odour	Medicinal odour
	Ether-like odour
Odour threshold	No data available
Colour	Colourless
Particle size	Not applicable (gas)
Explosion limits	No data available
Flammability	Extremely flammable gas.
Log Kow	Not applicable (mixture)
Dynamic viscosity	No data available
Kinematic viscosity	No data available
Melting point	No data available
Boiling point	No data available
Evaporation rate	No data available
Relative vapour density	No data available
Vapour pressure	No data available
Solubility	Ethanol ; soluble
	Ether ; soluble
Relative density	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Flash point	No data available
Explosive properties	No chemical group associated with explosive properties
Oxidising properties	No chemical group associated with oxidising properties
рН	No data available

## 9.2. Other information

Critical temperature

-10 °C - 70 °C

Publication date: 2019-03-14

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## 10.1. Reactivity

May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to heat.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May react explosively even in the absence of air. Reacts violently with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

## Precautionary measures

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Combustible materials, oxidizing agents, metals.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Test results

## Acute toxicity

#### Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

As the substance is a gas, inhalation is the most likely route of exposure

<u>eth</u>	ylene	oxide	
		-	

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	Other	330 mg/kg bw		Rat (male)	Experimental value	Aqueous solution
Dermal						Data waiving	
Inhalation (gases)	LC50	Other	2.63 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (gases)	LC50	Other	1460 ppm	4 h	Rat (male)	Experimental value	

As the substance is a gas, inhalation is the most likely route of exposure

### **Conclusion**

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful if inhaled.

Not classified as acute toxic in contact with skin

### **Corrosion/irritation**

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

The liquid form can cause frostbites, typical for all liquefied gases

## ethylene oxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Eye	Irritating	Equivalent to		24; 48 hours	Rabbit	Experimental	Aqueous solution
		OECD 405				value	
Skin	Irritating		1 minutes - 60		Rabbit	Experimental	Aqueous solution
			minutes			value	
Inhalation	Irritating					Annex VI	

Insufficient data available. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

The liquid form can cause frostbites, typical for all liquefied gases

#### **Conclusion**

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

Publication date: 2019-03-14

The study on skin sensitisation does not need to be conducted as the substance is a gas

Route of exposure	Result	Method	 Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
Skin					Data waiving	

does not need to be conducte

## Conclusion

Not classified as sensitizing for skin

Not classified as sensitizing for inhalation

## Specific target organ toxicity

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

### No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

As the substance is a gas, inhalation is the most likely route of exposure

ethylene oxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time		Value determination
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 453	10 ppm	Central nervous system		104 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	Subchronic toxicity test	10 ppm			10 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week) - 11 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Mouse (male / female)	Experimental value

As the substance is a gas, inhalation is the most likely route of exposure

#### Conclusion

Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## Mutagenicity (in vitro)

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

### ethylene oxide

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination	Remark
Positive without metabolic activation	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value	
Positive without metabolic activation		Chinese hamster lung fibroblasts (V79)		Experimental value	

**Conclusion** 

May cause genetic defects.

## Mutagenicity (in vivo)

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

ethylene oxide

Result	Method	Exposure time	Test substrate	Organ	Value determination
Positive	Other	4 h	Rat (male / female)		Experimental value

**Conclusion** 

May cause genetic defects.

## Carcinogenicity

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

ethylene oxide

Route	e of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
expos	sure								determination
Inhala	ation	NOAEC	Equivalent to	10 ppm	104 weeks (6h / day,	Rat (male /	No neoplastic		Experimental
(vapo	ours)		OECD 453		5 days / week)	female)	effects		value

**Conclusion** May cause cancer.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90	
	Publication date: 2019-03-14

No (test)data on the mixture available Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	0.18 mg/l air	6 days (gestation, daily) - 15 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (female)	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	0.18 mg/l air	6 days (gestation, daily) - 15 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (female)	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEC (P)	Equivalent to OECD 415	0.054 mg/l air	14 weeks (6h / day, 5 days / week)	Rat (male / female)	No effect		Experimental value

### **Conclusion**

Toxicity to reproduction is unlikely to be significant

## **Toxicity other effects**

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

No (test)data on the mixture available

## Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

Dry skin. Red skin. Itching. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Nausea. Vomiting. Sensorial disturbances. Headache. Impairment of the nervous system. Movement disturbances. Impairment of the blood forming system. Coordination disorders. Myasthenia. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Degeneration of heart tissue. Tumours of the gastrointestinal tract. Possible bladder tumours. Brain affection. Possible premature birth.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

## 12.1. Toxicity

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement of the mixture is based on the relevant ingredients ethylene oxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt	Value determination
							water	
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	EPA 660/3 - 75/009	84 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50	EPA 600/3- 75/009	137 mg/l - 300 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50	Equivalent to OECD 201	240 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneri ella subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	EC10	OECD 209	130 mg/l	180 minutes		Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
arbon dioxide	•	•	-	•		•	-	
	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species		Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50		35 mg/l	96 h	Salmo gairdneri			Literature study; Lethal

### Conclusion

Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

н	alf-life soil (t1/2 soil)		
	Method	Primary degradation/mineralisation	Value determination
			Not applicable (gas)

Publication date: 2019-03-14

ethy	lene	oxide

Biodegradation water			
Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301C: Modified MITI Test (I)	93 % - 98 %	28 day(s)	Read-across
OECD 301D: Closed Bottle Test	69 %	20 day(s)	Experimental value
hototransformation air (DT50 air)			
Method	Value	Conc. OH-radicals	Value determination
SRC AOP v1.92	57.2 day(s)	500000 /cm <sup>3</sup>	QSAR
lalf-life soil (t1/2 soil)			
Method	Value	Primary	Value determination
		degradation/mineralisation	
	Not applicable		

## carbon dioxide

1	alf-life soil (t1/2 soil) Method		Primary degradation/mineralisation	Value determination
		Not applicable (gas)		

## **Conclusion**

Does not contain any not readily biodegradable component(s)

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

L	og Kow	

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (mixture)			

ethylene oxide Log Kow

	Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
			-0 3	25 °C	
carl	<u>oon dioxide</u>				

Log Kow

LUE							
N	/lethod	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination		
			0.83		Experimental value		

**Conclusion** 

Does not contain bioaccumulative component(s)

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

ethylene oxide

log) Koc											
Parameter					Metho	bd		V	alue		Value determination
log Koc					SRC PO	CKOCWIN v1.66		0.	.157		QSAR
olatility (Henry's	Law consta	nt H)									
Value		Method			Temperatu	re	Re	emark			Value determination
12.159 Pa.m <sup>3</sup> /mc	1	SRC HEN	RYWIN v3.10		25 °C						QSAR
ercent distributio	n										
Method	Fraction	air	Fraction biota		ction iment	Fraction soil	I	Fraction w	ater	Value dete	rmination
Mackay level I	7.75 %			0 %		0 %	(	92.23 %		QSAR	
<u>bon dioxide</u>											
olatility (Henry's	Law consta	nt H)									
Value		Method			Temperatu	re	Re	emark			Value determination
0.0152 atm m <sup>3</sup> /m	ol				25 °C						Estimated value

## **Conclusion**

Not applicable (gas)

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain component(s) that meet(s) the criteria of PBT and/or vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90

Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Contains component(s) included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC)

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014) **Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)** 

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

Publication date: 2019-03-14

#### carbon dioxide

## Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC)

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

#### 13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

#### **European Union**

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997. Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

16 05 04\* (gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

#### 13.1.2 Disposal methods

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/ recycling. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

#### 13.1.3 Packaging/Container

#### **European Union**

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10\* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

## SECTION 14: Transport information

## Road (ADR)

14. <u>1. UN number</u>	
UN number	1041
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	239
Class	2
Classification code	2F
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	662
Limited quantities	none.

### Rail (RID)

14. <u>1. UN number</u>	
UN number	1041
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	239
Class	2
Classification code	2F
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.1 (+13)
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	662
Limited quantities	none.

## Inland waterways (ADN)

14. <u>1. UN number</u>		
UN number	1041	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		

Publication date: 2019-03-14

Class	2	
Classification code	2F	
.4. Packing group		
Packing group		
Labels	2.1	
.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no	
.6. Special precautions for user		
Special provisions	662	
Limited quantities	none	
IMDG/IMSBC)		
.1. UN number		
UN number	1041	
.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name	ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture	
.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
Class	2.1	
.4. Packing group		
Packing group		
Labels	2.1	
.5. Environmental hazards		
Marine pollutant	-	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no	
.6. Special precautions for user		
Special provisions		
Limited quantities	none.	
.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Co	ude	
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable	
CAO-TI/IATA-DGR)		
· ·		
.1. UN number	1041	
UN number	1041	
.2. UN proper shipping name	Ethylana avida and asthan diavida mistura	
Proper shipping name	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture	
.3. Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	
Class	2.1	
.4. Packing group		1
Packing group		
Labels	2.1	
.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no	
6. Special precautions for user		1
Special provisions	A1	
Passenger and cargo transport		1
Limited quantities: maximum net quantity per packaging		

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

	emark
9 % - 58 %	

Indicative occupational exposure limit values (Directive 98/24/EC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU)

Product name	Skin resorption
Ethylene oxide	Skin

**REACH Annex XVII - Restriction** 

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
· ethylene oxide	category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are listed in Appendix 1 or Appendix 2, respectively.	<ul> <li>Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex the following shall apply to entries 28 to 30:</li> <li>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used,</li> <li>as substances,</li> <li>as constituents of other substances, or,</li> <li>in mixtures,</li> <li>for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or</li> </ul>

Publication date: 2019-03-14

Reference number: 5120-5121-5123-5125-5130-5135-

Chemo	gas L'invience Oxide				
· ethylene oxide	Substances which are classified as germ cell mutagen category 1A or 1B in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and are	<ul> <li>mixture is equal to or greater than: <ul> <li>either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or,</li> <li>the relevant generic concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows: "Restricted to professional users".</li> <li>By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to: <ul> <li>(a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC;</li> <li>(b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC;</li> <li>(c) the following fuels and oil products: <ul> <li>motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC,</li> <li>mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants,</li> <li>fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles);</li> <li>(d) artists' paints covered by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008;</li> <li>(e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex the following shall apply to entries 28 to 30: <ul> <li>1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used,</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>			
	listed in Appendix 3 or Appendix 4, respectively.	<ul> <li>as substances,</li> <li>as constituents of other substances, or,</li> <li>in mixtures,</li> <li>for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than:</li> <li>either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or,</li> <li>the relevant generic concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.</li> <li>Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly as follows: "Restricted to professional users".</li> <li>By way of derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to:</li> <li>(a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC;</li> <li>(b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC;</li> <li>(c) the following fuels and oil products:</li> <li>motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC,</li> <li>mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants,</li> <li>fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles);</li> <li>(d) artists' paints covered by Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008;</li> <li>(e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.</li> </ul>			
	Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.	<ol> <li>Shall not be used, as substance or as mixtures in aerosol dispensers where these aerosol dispensers are intended for supply to the general public for entertainment and decorative purposes such as the following:         <ul> <li>metallic glitter intended mainly for decoration,</li> <li>artificial snow and frost,</li> <li>"whoopee" cushions,</li> <li>silly string aerosols,</li> <li>imitation excrement,</li> <li>horns for parties,</li> <li>decorative flakes and foams,</li> <li>artificial cobwebs,</li> <li>stih bombs.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Without prejudice to the application of other Community provisions on the classification, packaging and labelling of substances, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of aerosol dispensers referred to above is marked visibly, legibly and indelibly with:</li> <li>"For professional users only".</li> <li>By way of derogation, paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not apply to the aerosol dispensers referred to Article 8 (1a) of Council Directive 75/324/EEC.</li> <li>The aerosol dispensers referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall not be placed on the market unless they conform to the requirements indicated.</li> </ol>			
National legislation Belgium Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90 No data available ethylene oxide					
Additional classification	Oxyde d'éthylène; C; La mention "C" signifie que l'agent en question relève du champ d'application de l'arrêté royal du 2 décembre 1993 concernant la protection des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l'exposition à des agents cancérigènes et mutagènes et reprotoxiques au travail.				
National legislation The Netherlands Chemogas Ethylene Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90					
Waterbezwaarlijkheid	Z (2); Algemene Beoordelingsmethodiek	(ABM)			
Publication date: 2019-03-14 Reference number: 5120-5121-5123-5125-5130-5135- 5195					
Revision number: 0000		Product number: 61509 13 / 15			

ethylene oxide	
SZW - Lijst van	Ethyleenoxide; Listed in SZW-list of carcinogenic substances
kankerverwekken SZW - Lijst van mu	
stoffen	
SZW - Lijst van voo voortplanting gifti (vruchtbaarheid)	
lational legislation Fra	ance
Chemogas Ethylene	e Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90
No data available <u>ethylene oxide</u>	
Catégorie cancéro	ogène Oxyde d'éthylène; C1B
Catégorie mutagè	ene Oxyde d'éthylène; M1B
lational legislation Ge	
	e <u>Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90</u>
WGK <u>ethylene oxide</u>	3; Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV) - 18. April 2017
TA-Luft	5.2.7.1.1/II
Hautresorptive St	offe Ethylenoxid; hautresorptiv
lational legislation Un	
	e Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90
No data available ethylene oxide	
Carcinogen	Ethylene oxide; Carc
<u>Other relevant data</u> <u>Chemogas Ethylene</u>	e Oxide/Carbon Dioxide 10/90
No data available	
ethylene oxide	
TLV - Carcinogen	Ethylene oxide; A2
IARC - classificatio	on 1; Ethylene oxide
	ssessment has been performed.
ALL 16. Othor	· information
	r information
ull text of any H-state	ments referred to under heading 3:
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla	ments referred to under heading 3:
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas	e <mark>ments referred to under heading 3:</mark> ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw	<b>ments referred to under heading 3:</b> ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal	ements referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl	ements referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. 5 under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal	ements referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause ga H350 May cause ca	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause ga H350 May cause ca	ements referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serio H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause ga H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause ga H350 May cause ca	ements referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause g H350 May cause cause (*) ADI AOEL	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause ga H350 May cause ga H350 May cause da H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS)	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. splosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause g H350 May cause cause (*) ADI AOEL	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause ra H340 May cause ga H350 May cause da H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. splosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived Minimal Effect Level
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause gr H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable fore and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived Minimal Effect Level Derived No Effect Level Effect Concentration 50 % EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause g H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. kplosively even in the absence of air. a under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived Minimal Effect Level Derived No Effect Level Effect Concentration 50 % ECSO in terms of reduction of growth rate Lethal Concentration 50 %
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause gr H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. s under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable fore and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived Minimal Effect Level Derived No Effect Level Effect Concentration 50 % EC50 in terms of reduction of growth rate
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause re H340 May cause g H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50 LC50 LD50	Internets referred to under heading 3:         ammable gas.         kplosively even in the absence of air.         sunder pressure; may explode if heated.         vallowed.         irritation.         us eye irritation.         led.         haled.         espiratory irritation.         enetic defects.         ancer.         age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.         INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG         Acceptable daily intake         Acceptable operator exposure level         Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)         Derived Minimal Effect Level         Derived No Effect Level         Effect Concentration 50 %         ECS0 in terms of reduction of growth rate         Lethal Dose 50 %
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if nil H335 May cause gr H350 May cause gr H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 NOAEL NOEC OECD	<pre>ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. kplosively even in the absence of air. under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. entic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived Minimal Effect Level Derived Mo Effect Level Effect Concentration 50 % ECS0 in terms of reduction of growth rate Lethal Concentration 50 % Lethal Dose 50 % No Observed Adverse Effect Level No Observed Effect Concentration Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development</pre>
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause ga H350 May cause ga H350 May cause da H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 L	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. is under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived No Effect Level Derived No Effect Level Effect Concentration 50 % ECS0 in terms of reduction of growth rate Lethal Concentration 50 % Lethal Dose 50 % No Observed Adverse Effect Level No Observed Effect Concentration Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause er H340 May cause gr H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 NOAEL NOEC OECD	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. splosively even in the absence of air. is under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived Minimal Effect Level Derived Minimal Effect Level Effect Concentration 50 % ECS0 in terms of reduction of growth rate Lethal Doxe 50 % No Observed Adverse Effect Level No Observed Adverse Effect Level No Observed Adverse Effect Level No Observed Adverse Effect Level No Observed Effect Concentration Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Persisten, Bioaccumulative & Toxic Predicted No Effect Concentration
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause g H350 May cause g H350 May cause da H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 LC50 L	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. xplosively even in the absence of air. is under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived No Effect Level Derived No Effect Level Effect Concentration 50 % ECS0 in terms of reduction of growth rate Lethal Concentration 50 % Lethal Dose 50 % No Observed Adverse Effect Level No Observed Effect Concentration Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause ex H340 May cause ga H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50 LD50 NOAEL NOEC OECD PBT PNEC STP	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas. splosively even in the absence of air. is under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eye irritation. led. haled. espiratory irritation. enetic defects. ancer. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acceptable operator exposure level Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe) Derived Minimal Effect Level Derived Minimal Effect Level Derived Moi effect Concentration 50 % Lethal Dose 50 % No Observed Effect Concentration Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Predicted No Effect Concentration Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development Presistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic Predicted No Effect Concentration Sludge Treatment Process
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause ex H340 May cause ga H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50 LD50 NOAEL NOEC OECD PBT PNEC STP	ments referred to under heading 3: ammable gas: kplosively even in the absence of air. : under pressure; may explode if heated. vallowed. irritation. us eve irritation. is eve irritation. is everitation. is everitation. enetic defects. ancer. age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure. INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG Acceptable daily intake Acceptable daily intake Acce
ull text of any H-state H220 Extremely fla H230 May react ex H280 Contains gas H302 Harmful if sw H315 Causes skin i H319 Causes serior H331 Toxic if inhal H332 Harmful if inl H335 May cause ex H340 May cause ga H350 May cause ca H372 Causes dama (*) ADI AOEL CLP (EU-GHS) DMEL DNEL EC50 ErC50 LC50 LD50 NOAEL NOEC OECD PBT PNEC STP	memts referred to under heading 3:         ammable gas.         plosively even in the absence of air.         under pressure; may explode if heated.         vallowed.         initiation.         us eye irritation.         ed.         haled.         espiratory irritation.         enetic defects.         ancer.         age to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.         INTERNAL CLASSIFICATION BY BIG         Acceptable daily intake         Acceptable daily intake         Acceptable operator exposure level         Classification, labelling and packaging (Globally Harmonised System in Europe)         Derived No Effect Level         Derived No Effect Level         EGS0 in terms of reduction of growth rate         Lethal Concentration 50 %         No Observed Adverse Effect Level         No Observed Adverse Effect Concentration         Organisation for Economic Co-operation and De

Specific concentration

ethylene oxide

on limits CLP						
	C ≥ 30 %	Chem. Unst. Gas A; H230	UN Manual of Tests			
			and Criteria			

The information in this safety data sheet is based on data and samples provided to BIG. The sheet was written to the best of our ability and according to the state of knowledge at that time. The safety data sheet only constitutes a guideline for the safe handling, use, consumption, storage, transport and disposal of the substances/preparations/mixtures mentioned under point 1. New safety data sheets are written from time to time. Only the most recent versions may be used. Unless indicated otherwise word for word on the safety data sheet, the information does not apply to substances/preparations/mixtures in purer form, mixed with other substances or in processes. The safety data sheet offers no quality specification for the substances/preparations/mixtures in question. Compliance with the instructions in this safety data sheet does not release the user from the obligation to take all measures dictated by common sense, regulations and recommendations or which are necessary and/or useful based on the real applicable circumstances. BIG does not guarantee the accuracy or exhaustiveness of the information provided and cannot be held liable for any changes by third parties. This safety data sheet is only to be used within the European Union, Switzerland, Iceland, Norway and Liechtenstein. Any use outside of this area is at your own risk. Use of this safety data sheet is subject to the licence and liability limiting conditions as stated in your BIG licence agreement or when this is failing the general conditions of BIG. All intellectual property rights to this sheet are the property of BIG and its distribution and reproduction are limited. Consult the mentioned agreement/conditions for details.

Publication date: 2019-03-14