

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Based upon Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 2015/830

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Synonyms	 Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide carbon dioxide/ethylene oxide, mixtures, conc ethylene oxide>87%; carbon dioxide/ethylene oxide, mixtures,conc carbon dioxide<13%; ethylene oxide/carbon dioxide, mixtures, conc carbon dioxide<13%; ethylene oxide/carbon dioxide, mixtures, conc carbon dioxide, mixtures, conc ethylene oxide>87%
Registration number REACH	: Not applicable (mixture)
Product type REACH	: Mixture
Formula	: C2H4O+CO2

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Relevant identified uses

Industrial use Biocide

1.2.2 Uses advised against

No uses advised against

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier of the safety data sheet

BALCHEM NV Westvaartdijk 85 B-1850 Grimbergen Belgium +32 2 251 60 87 +32 2 252 17 51 info.grimbergen@balchem.com

Distributor of the product

BALCHEM NV Westvaartdijk 85 B-1850 Grimbergen Belgium +32 2 251 60 87 +32 2 252 17 51 info.grimbergen@balchem.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

24h/24h (Telephone advice: English, French, German, Dutch): + 32 14 58 45 45 (BIG)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Class	Category	Hazard statements
Flam. Gas	category 1	H220: Extremely flammable gas.
Press. Gas	Liquefied gas	H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Chem. Unst. Gas	Category A	H230: May react explosively even in the absence of air.
Carc.	category 1B	H350: May cause cancer.
Muta.	category 1B	H340: May cause genetic defects.
Acute Tox.	category 3	H331: Toxic if inhaled.
STOT RE	category 1	H372: Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Acute Tox.	category 4	H302: Harmful if swallowed.
Skin Irrit.	category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye Irrit.	category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE	category 3	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

2.2. Label elements



Created by: Brandweerinformatiecentrum voor gevaarlijke stoffen vzw (BIG) Technische Schoolstraat 43 A, B-2440 Geel http://www.big.be © BIG vzw Reason for revision: 2,3,13,15 Revision number: 0300 Publication date: 2010-01-01 Date of revision: 2017-07-14 Reference number: 5110-5112

Product number: 51757

16453-569-en

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Contains: ethylene oxide.	
Signal word	Danger
H-statements	
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H230	May react explosively even in the absence of air.
H350	May cause cancer.
H340	May cause genetic defects.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
P-statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection/face protection.
P260	Do not breathe gas.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P330	Rinse mouth.
Supplemental information	
	Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards

Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard Odour threshold is well above the exposure limit Produces effects on the nervous system May cause frostbites Caution! Substance is absorbed through the skin

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name REACH Registration No	CAS No EC No	Conc. (C)	Classification according to CLP	Note	Remark
ethylene oxide 01-2119432402-53	75-21-8 200-849-9	C>87 %	Flam. Gas 1; H220 Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280 Chem. Unst. Gas A; H230 Carc. 1B; H350 Muta. 1B; H340 Acute Tox. 3; H331 STOT RE 1; H372 Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335	(1)(2)(6)(10)	Constituent
carbon dioxide	124-38-9 204-696-9	C<13 %	Press. Gas - Liquefied gas; H280	(1)(2)	Constituent

(1) For H-statements in full: see heading 16

(2) Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit

(6) Enumerated in Annex VI of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 but the classification has been adapted after evaluation of available test data (10) Subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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	Date of revision: 2017-07-14	
	Reference number: 5110-5112	
Revision number: 0300	Product number: 51757	2 / 15

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General:

Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with laboured breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

After inhalation:

Remove the victim into fresh air. Immediately consult a doctor/medical service. Do not apply mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

After skin contact:

Wash immediately with lots of water. Soap may be used. Take victim to a doctor if irritation persists. In case of frostbites: Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower. Do not tear off solidified product from the skin. Remove clothing while washing. Do not remove clothing if it sticks to the skin. Cover wounds with sterile bandage. Consult a doctor/medical service. If burned surface > 10%: take victim to hospital.

After eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Do not apply neutralizing agents. Take victim to an ophthalmologist.

After ingestion:

Not applicable.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.2.1 Acute symptoms

After inhalation:

Dry/sore throat. Irritation of the respiratory tract. Irritation of the nasal mucous membranes. Central nervous system depression. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Dizziness. Disturbances of consciousness. EXPOSURE TO HIGH CONCENTRATIONS: Disturbances of heart rate. Respiratory difficulties. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Cramps/uncontrolled muscular contractions. Risk of lung oedema.

After skin contact:

Frostbites. Tingling/irritation of the skin. FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS MAY APPEAR LATER: Swelling of the skin. Red skin. Blisters. May stain the skin. AFTER CONTACT WITH WATER: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.

After eye contact:

Irritation of the eye tissue. Frostbites.

After ingestion:

Risk of aspiration pneumonia.

4.2.2 Delayed symptoms

No effects known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If applicable and available it will be listed below.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

5.1.1 Suitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting ABC powder extinguisher, Quick-acting BC powder extinguisher.

5.1.2 Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Small fire: Quick-acting CO2 extinguisher, Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam. Major fire: Water (water can be used to control jet flame), Foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed. Polymerizes on exposure to temperature rise.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

5.3.1 Instructions:

If no hazard for/from the surroundings: controlled burning. If hazardous substances are nearby: consider extinguishment. Extinguish only if gas supply/leak can be shut afterwards. Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Physical explosion risk: extinguish/cool from behind cover. Do not move the load if exposed to heat. After cooling: persistant risk of physical explosion. Take account of toxic fire-fighting water. Use water moderately and if possible collect or contain it.

5.3.2 Special protective equipment for fire-fighters:

Insulating gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit. Compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep upwind. Seal off low-lying areas. Close doors and windows of adjacent premises. Stop engines and no smoking. No naked flames or sparks. Spark- and explosionproof appliances and lighting equipment. Avoid ingress of water in the containers.

6.1.1 Protective equipment for non-emergency personnel

See heading 8.2

6.1.2 Protective equipment for emergency responders

Reason for revision: 2,3,13,15

Insulating gloves. Protective goggles. Head/neck protection. Protective clothing. Large spills/in enclosed spaces: gas-tight suit. Suitable protective clothing

See heading 8.2

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain released product, pump into suitable containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the liquid spill. Tip the container on one side to stop the leakage. Try to reduce evaporation. Take account of toxic/corrosive precipitation water. Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Damaged/cooled tanks must be emptied. Do not use compressed air for pumping over spills. Take collected spill to manufacturer/competent authority. Wash clothing and equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See heading 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Gas/vapour heavier than air at 20°C. Observe strict hygiene. Remove contaminated clothing immediately.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

7.2.1 Safe storage requirements:

Storage temperature: < 50 °C. Store in a cool area. Ventilation at floor level. Fireproof storeroom. Provide for an automatic sprinkler system. Provide for a tub to collect spills. Provide the tank with earthing. Unauthorized persons are not admitted. Keep only in the original container. Meet the legal requirements.

7.2.2 Keep away from:

Heat sources, ignition sources, combustible materials, oxidizing agents, metals.

7.2.3 Suitable packaging material:

Steel, stainless steel, synthetic material.

7.2.4 Non suitable packaging material:

Aluminium, iron, copper, tin.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. See information supplied by the manufacturer.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 Occupational exposure

a) Occupational exposure limit values

If limit values are applicable and available these will be listed below.

EU

exposure limit value) Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational 9000 mg/m ³	Carbon dioxide	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational	5000 ppm
		exposure limit value)	
		Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Indicative occupational	9000 mg/m³
exposure inflit value)		exposure limit value)	

Belgium

DeiBrann		
Carbone (dioxyde de)	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	5000 ppm (A)
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	9131 mg/m³ (A)
	Short time value	30000 ppm (A)
	Short time value	54784 mg/m³ (A)
Oxyde d'éthylène	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1 ppm
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h	1.8 mg/m ³

La mention "A" signifie que l'agent libère un gaz ou une vapeur qui n'ont en eux-mêmes aucun effet physiologique mais peuvent diminuer le taux d'oxygène dans l'air. Lorsque le taux d'oxygène descend en dessous de 17-18 % (vol/vol) le manque d'oxygène provoque des suffocations qu'aucun symptôme préalable n'annonce

The Netherlands

Ethyleenoxide	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure	0.46 ppm
	limit value)	
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure	0.84 mg/m³
	limit value)	
Kooldioxide	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure	4919 ppm
	limit value)	
	Time-weighted average exposure limit 8 h (Public occupational exposure	9000 mg/m³
	limit value)	

France Carbone (dioxyde de)		Тіг	me-weighted aver	age exposure limit (h (VRI: Valeur réglementaire	5000 ppm
		ind	dicative)			
			me-weighted aver dicative)	age exposure limit 8	Bh (VRI: Valeur réglementaire	9000 mg/m
Oxyde d'éthylène		Tir	me-weighted aver	age exposure limit 8	3 h (VL: Valeur non	1 ppm
			glementaire indica ort time value (VL	itive) : Valeur non réglem	entaire indicative)	5 ppm
Germany		_			,	I . ' .
Kohlenstoffdioxid		Tir	ne-weighted aver	age exposure limit 8	3 h (TRGS 900)	5000 ppm
		Tir	ne-weighted aver	age exposure limit 8	3 h (TRGS 900)	9100 mg/m
ИК						
Carbon dioxide			me-weighted aver H40/2005))	age exposure limit 8	8 h (Workplace exposure limit	5000 ppm
Fabricana anida				age exposure limit 8	8 h (Workplace exposure limit	9150 mg/m
			ort time value (W	orkplace exposure l	imit (EH40/2005))	15000 ppm
				orkplace exposure l	, <i>i n</i>	27400 mg/r
Ethylene oxide				age exposure limit 8	8 h (Workplace exposure limit	5 ppm
			H40/2005)) me-weighted aver H40/2005))	age exposure limit 8	3 h (Workplace exposure limit	9.2 mg/m ³
		<u>I</u> (L)				I
USA (TLV-ACGIH) Carbon dioxide		Tir	ne-weighted aver	age exposure limit 8	h (TLV - Adopted Value)	5000 ppm
				V - Adopted Value)		30000 ppm
Ethylene oxide					8 h (TLV - Adopted Value)	1 ppm
Product name			Test Number			
L.2 Sampling methods			L			
Carbon Dioxide		NIOSH		6603		
Carbon Dioxide Ethylene oxide (organic and inorganic gases by Extractive FTIR Ethylene Oxide (Qazi-Ketcham) Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide			OSHA	ID 172		
			NIOSH	3800		
			NON	14		
			NIOSH	1614		
			NIOSH	3702		
Ethylene Oxide			OSHA	1010		
Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Oxide			OSHA OSHA	30 49		
			OSHA	50		
L.3 Applicable limit values when u	sing the substance	or mixture as		[50		
If limit values are applicable and a	-					
.4 DNEL/PNEC values						
DNEL/DMEL - Workers						
ethylene oxide						
Effect level (DNEL/DMEL)	Туре			Value	Remark	
DMEL	Long-term sys			2 mg/m ³		
DNEL	Acute systemi	c ettects inhal	ation	10 mg/m	۲ <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	
PNEC ethylene oxide						
Compartments		Value			Remark	
· ·						
Marine water		0.084 mg/l 0.0084 mg/	1			
Aqua (intermittent releases)		0.84 mg/l				
STP		13 mg/l				
			g sediment dw			
Marine water sediment 0.032			29 mg/kg sediment dw			
Soil		0.0165 mg/	kg soil dw			
.5 Control banding						
If applicable and available it will b	e listed below.					
Exposure controls						
e information in this section is a ge	neral description	f annlicable ar	nd available even	ure scenarios are a	ttached in anney. Always uso	the relevant ev
enarios that correspond to your ide		· applicable di	available, expos		and a manney. Always use	
2.1 Appropriate engineering control						
r revision: 2,3,13,15				Publicati	on date: 2010-01-01	
r revision: 2,3,13,15					on date: 2010-01-01 evision: 2017-07-14	
r revision: 2,3,13,15				Date of r		

Product number: 51757

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks. Measure the concentration in the air regularly. Work under local exhaust/ventilation.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Observe strict hygiene. Do not eat, drink or smoke during work.

a) Respiratory protection:

Wear gas mask with filter type A if conc. in air > exposure limit. High vapour/gas concentration: self-contained respirator.

b) Hand protection:

Insulated gloves.

 materials (good resistance) Butyl rubber.

<u>c) Eve protection:</u>

Protective goggles.

d) Skin protection:

Head/neck protection. Protective clothing.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls:

See headings 6.2, 6.3 and 13

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical form	Gas				
Odour	Medicinal odour				
	Ether-like odour				
Odour threshold	No data available				
Colour	Colourless				
Particle size	Not applicable (gas)				
Explosion limits	No data available				
Flammability	Extremely flammable gas.				
Log Kow	Not applicable (mixture)				
Dynamic viscosity	No data available				
Kinematic viscosity	No data available				
Melting point	No data available				
Boiling point	No data available				
Flash point	No data available				
Evaporation rate	No data available				
Relative vapour density	1.5				
Vapour pressure	No data available				
Solubility	Water ; > 80 g/100 ml				
	Ethanol ; soluble				
	Ether ; soluble				
Relative density	No data available				
Decomposition temperature	No data available				
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available				
Explosive properties	No chemical group associated with explosive properties				
Oxidising properties	No chemical group associated with oxidising properties				
рН	No data available				

9.2. Other information

Critical temperature

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

May be ignited by sparks. Gas/vapour spreads at floor level: ignition hazard.

> 70 °C

10.2. Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to heat.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

May react explosively even in the absence of air. Reacts violently with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion. Reacts violently with many compounds e.g.: with (strong) oxidizers: (increased) risk of fire/explosion.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Use spark-/explosionproof appliances and lighting system. Take precautions against electrostatic charges. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Keep away from ignition sources/sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Combustible materials, oxidizing agents, metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Reason for revision: 2,3,13,15

Upon combustion: CO and CO2 are formed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

11.1.1 Test results

Acute toxicity

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

As the substance is a gas, inhalation is the most likely route of exposure

ethylene oxide

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Value	Remark
						determination	
Oral	LD50	Other	330 mg/kg bw		Rat (male)	Experimental value	Aqueous solution
Dermal						Data waiving	
Inhalation (gases)	LC50	Other	2.63 mg/l air	4 h	Rat (male)	Experimental value	
Inhalation (gases)	LC50	Other	1460 ppm	4 h	Rat (male)	Experimental value	

As the substance is a gas, inhalation is the most likely route of exposure

Conclusion

Harmful if swallowed.

Toxic if inhaled.

Not classified as acute toxic in contact with skin

Corrosion/irritation

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

The liquid form can cause frostbites, typical for all liquefied gases

ethylene oxide

Route of exposure	Result	Method	Exposure time	Time point		Value determination	Remark
Eye	Irritating	Equivalent to OECD 405		24; 48 hours	Rabbit	Experimental value	Aqueous solution
Skin	Irritating		1 minutes - 60 minutes		Rabbit	Experimental value	Aqueous solution
Inhalation	Irritating					Annex VI	

Insufficient data available. Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

The liquid form can cause frostbites, typical for all liquefied gases

Conclusion

Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

The study on skin sensitisation does not need to be conducted as the substance is a gas

<u>e</u>	thylene oxide						
	Route of exposure	Result	Method	Observation time point	Species	Value determination	Remark
	Skin					Data waiving	

The study on skin sensitisation does not need to be conducted as the substance is a gas

Conclusion

Not classified as sensitizing for skin

Not classified as sensitizing for inhalation

Specific target organ toxicity

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

Reason for revision: 2,3,13,15

As the substance is a gas, inhalation is the most likely route of exposure $\underline{ethylene\ oxide}$

Route of exposure	Parameter	Method	Value	Organ	Effect	Exposure time		Value determination
Dermal								Data waiving
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 453	10 ppm	Central nervous system		104 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	Experimental value
Inhalation (vapours)	NOAEC	Subchronic toxicity test	10 ppm				Mouse (male/female)	Experimental value

As the substance is a gas, inhalation is the most likely route of exposure

Conclusion

Causes damage to organs (central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Mutagenicity (in vitro)

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

ethylene oxide

Result	Method	Test substrate	Effect	Value determination
Positive without metabolic	Equivalent to OECD 471	Bacteria (S.typhimurium)		Experimental value
activation				
Positive without metabolic	Equivalent to OECD 476	Chinese hamster lung		Experimental value
activation		fibroblasts (V79)		

Mutagenicity (in vivo)

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

ethylene oxide

		Organ	Value determination
Positive Other 4 h	Rat (male/femal	e)	Experimental value

Conclusion

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

Classification is based on the relevant ingredients

<u>ethylene oxide</u>

	Route of	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value
	exposure								determination
	Inhalation	NOAEC	Equivalent to	10 ppm	104 weeks (6h/day,	Rat	No neoplastic		Experimental
	(vapours)		OECD 453		5 days/week)	(male/female)	effects		value
Conc	lusion								

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement is based on the relevant ingredients

Revision number: 0300

	Parameter	Method	Value	Exposure time	Species	Effect	Organ	Value determination
Developmental toxicity	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	0.18 mg/l air	6 days (gestation, daily) - 15 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (female)	No effect		Experimental value
Maternal toxicity	NOAEC	Equivalent to OECD 414	0.18 mg/l air	6 days (gestation, daily) - 15 days (gestation, daily)	Rat (female)	No effect		Experimental value
Effects on fertility	NOAEC (P)	Equivalent to OECD 415	0.054 mg/l air	14 weeks (6h/day, 5 days/week)	Rat (male/female)	No effect		Experimental value

Conclusion

Toxicity to reproduction is unlikely to be significant

Toxicity other effects

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide No (test)data on the mixture available

Chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

Dry skin. Red skin. Itching. Inflammation/damage of the eye tissue. Nausea. Vomiting. Headache. Impairment of the nervous system. Sensorial disturbances. Movement disturbances. Coordination disorders. Myasthenia. Change in the haemogramme/blood composition. Impairment of the blood forming system. Degeneration of heart tissue. Tumours of the gastrointestinal tract. Possible bladder tumours. Brain affection. Possible premature birth.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

No (test)data on the mixture available

Judgement of the mixture is based on the relevant ingredients

ethylene oxide

	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50	EPA 660/3 - 75/009	84 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Acute toxicity crustacea	LC50		137 mg/l - 300 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Toxicity algae and other aquatic plants	EC50	Equivalent to OECD 201	240 mg/l		Pseudokirchnerie Ila subcapitata	Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
Toxicity aquatic micro- organisms	EC10	OECD 209	130 mg/l	180 minutes		Static system	Fresh water	Experimental value
carbon dioxide								
	Parameter	Method	Value	Duration	Species	Test design	Fresh/salt water	Value determination
Acute toxicity fishes	LC50		35 mg/l	96 h	Salmo gairdneri			Literature study; Lethal

Conclusion

Not classified as dangerous for the environment according to the criteria of Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

Half-life soil	(+1 /2 soil)
nall-lile soll	(11/2 5011)

Method	Primary degradation/mineralisation	Value determination
		Not applicable (gas)

ethylene oxide

Biodegradation water			
Method	Value	Duration	Value determination
OECD 301C: Modified MITI Test (I)	93 % - 98 %	28 day(s)	Read-across
OECD 301D: Closed Bottle Test	69 %	20 day(s)	Experimental value
Phototransformation air (DT50 air)			
Method	Value	Conc. OH-radicals	Value determination
SRC AOP v1.92	57.2 day(s)	500000 /cm³	QSAR
Half-life soil (t1/2 soil)			
Method	Value	Primary	Value determination
		degradation/mineralisation	
	Not applicable		

carbon dioxide Half life cail (+1 /2 cail)

1	Method		Primary degradation/mineralisation	Value determination
		Not applicable		

Conclusion

Does not contain any not readily biodegradable component(s)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination
	Not applicable (mixture)			

ethylene oxide

Le	Log Kow						
	Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination		
			-0.3	25 °C			
cor	carbon diovide						

carbon dioxide Log Kow

Method	Remark	Value	Temperature	Value determination	
		0.83		Experimental value	

Conclusion

Does not contain bioaccumulative component(s)

12.4. Mobility in soil

ethy	lene	oxide

(log	Кос

	Parameter		Method		Value	Value determination	
	log Koc		SRC PCKOCWIN v1.66		0.157	QSAR	
v	Volatility (Henry's Law constant H)						
	Value	Method	Temperature	Remark	N	alue determination	
	12.159 Pa.m³/mol	SRC HENRYWIN v3.10	25 °C		C	SAR	

12.159 Pa.m³/mol + dictrik

Р	Percent distribution							
	Method	Fraction air	Fraction biota	Fraction sediment	Fraction soil	Fraction water	Value determination	
	Mackay level I	7.75 %		0 %	0 %	92.23 %	QSAR	

carbon dioxide

Volatility (Henry's Law constant H)

Value	Method	Temperature	Remark	Value determination
0.0152 atm m ³ /mol		25 °C		Estimated value

Conclusion

No (test)data on mobility of the components available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain component(s) that meet(s) the criteria of PBT and/or vPvB as listed in Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide

Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

None of the known components is included in the list of fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014) Contains component(s) included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC)

Ozone-depleting potential (ODP)

Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009)

Reason for revision: 2,3,13,15

carbon dioxide

Fluorinated greenhouse gases (Regulation (EU) No 517/2014)

Included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (IPCC)

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section is a general description. If applicable and available, exposure scenarios are attached in annex. Always use the relevant exposure scenarios that correspond to your identified use.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

13.1.1 Provisions relating to waste

European Union

Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC, as amended by Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014 and Regulation (EU) No 2017/997. Waste material code (Directive 2008/98/EC, Decision 2000/0532/EC).

16 05 04* (gases in pressure containers and discarded chemicals: gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances). Depending on branch of industry and production process, also other waste codes may be applicable.

13.1.2 Disposal methods

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/ recycling. Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Do not discharge into drains or the environment.

13.1.3 Packaging/Container

European Union

Waste material code packaging (Directive 2008/98/EC).

15 01 10* (packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances).

SECTION 14: Transport information

Road (ADR)

14.1. UN number	
UN number	3300
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Hazard identification number	263
Class	2
Classification code	2TF
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.3+2.1
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
14.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	
Limited quantities	none.

Rail (RID)

UN number	3300	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
Hazard identification number	263	
Class	2	
Classification code	2TF	
14.4. Packing group		
Packing group		
Labels	2.3+2.1 (+13)	
14.5. Environmental hazards		
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no	
14.6. Special precautions for user		
Special provisions		
Limited quantities	none.	
nland waterways (ADN)		
14. <u>1</u> . UN number		
UN number	3300	
14.2. UN proper shipping name		
Proper shipping name	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture	
on for revision: 2,3,13,15	Publication date: 2010-01-01	
	Date of revision: 2017-07-14	

Revision	number:	0300
ILC VISION	number.	0300

Reference number: 5110-5112 Product number: 51757

•	
4.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2
Classification code	2TF
4.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.3+2.1
4.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
4.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	
Limited quantities	none.
(IMDG/IMSBC)	
4.1. UN number	
UN number	3300
4.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture
4.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.3
4.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	2.3 + 2.1
4.5. Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	-
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	no
4.6. Special precautions for user	
Special provisions	
Limited quantities	none.
4.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code	
Annex II of MARPOL 73/78	Not applicable
(ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)	
4.1. UN number	
Transport	Forbidden
UN number	3300
4.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name	Ethylene oxide and carbon dioxide mixture
4.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.3
4.4. Packing group	
Packing group	
Labels	
4.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmentally hazardous substance mark	Ino
Environmentally hazardous substance mark 4.6. Special precautions for user	no
Environmentally hazardous substance mark 4.6. Special precautions for user Special provisions	A2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

European legislation:

VOC content Directive 2010/75/EU

VOC content Rer	emark
> 87 %	

REACH Annex XVII - Restriction

Contains component(s) subject to restrictions of Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles.

	Designation of the substance, of the group of substances or of the mixture	Conditions of restriction
- ethylene oxide		Without prejudice to the other parts of this Annex the following shall apply to entries 28 to 30:1. Shall not be placed on the market, or used, — as substances, — as constituents of other substances, or, — in mixtures, for supply to the general public when the individual concentration in the substance or mixture is equal to or greater than: — either the relevant specific concentration limit specified in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008, or,
Reason for revision: 2,3,13,15		Publication date: 2010-01-01
		Date of revision: 2017-07-14

Reference number: 5110-5112

Product number: 51757

	•	% / Carbon dioxide
		 the relevant concentration specified in Directive 1999/45/EC where no specific concentration limit is set out in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Without prejudice to the implementation of other Community provisions relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of substances and mixtures, suppliers shall ensure before the placing on the market that the packaging of such substances and mixtures. Wisibly, legibly and indelibly as follows: "Restricted to professional users". By we derogation, paragraph 1 shall not apply to: (a) medicinal or veterinary products as defined by Directive 2001/82/EC and Directive 2001/83/EC; (b) cosmetic products as defined by Directive 76/768/EEC; (c) the following fuels and oil products: motor fuels which are covered by Directive 98/70/EC, mineral oil products intended for use as fuel in mobile or fixed combustion plants, fuels sold in closed systems (e.g. liquid gas bottles); (d) artists' paints covered by Directive 1999/45/EC; (e) the substances listed in Appendix 11, column 1, for the applications or uses listed in Appendix 11, column 2. Where a date is specified in column 2 of Appendix 11, the derogation shall apply until the said date.
ethylene oxide	Substances which appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 classified as gern cell mutagen category 1 A or 1B (Table 3.1) or mutagen category 1 or 2 (Table 3.2) and listed as follows: - Mutagen category 1A (Table 3.1)/mutagen category 1 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 3 - Mutagen category 1B (Table 3.1) /mutagen category 2 (Table 3.2) listed in Appendix 4	
ethylene oxide	Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to that Regulation or not.	 artificial snow and frost, "whoopee" cushions, silly string aerosols,
<u>National legislation Belgium</u> <u>Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbor</u> No data available ethylene oxide	n dioxide	
Additional classification		ifie que l'agent en question relève du champ d'application de l'arrêté royal du des travailleurs contre les risques liés à l'exposition à des agents cancérigènes
National legislation The Netherla Ethylene oxide >87% / Carbor	<u>n dioxide</u>	
Waterbezwaarlijkheid	Z (2)	
son for revision: 2,3,13,15		Publication date: 2010-01-01 Date of revision: 2017-07-14
		Reference number: 5110-5112

Product number: 51757

		/lene oxide >87% / Carbon dioxide	
ethylene oxide			
SZW - Lijst van kankerverwekkend		thyleenoxide; Listed in SZW-list of carcinogenic substances	
SZW - Lijst van mut		thyleenoxide; Listed in SZW-list of mutagenic substances	
stoffen SZW - Lijst van voo	r de Et	thyleenoxide; 1B; May damage fertility.	
voortplanting giftig (vruchtbaarheid)			
National legislation Fram Ethylene oxide >87%		vide	
No data available			
ethylene oxide	i		
Catégorie cancérog		xyde d'éthylène; C1B	
Catégorie mutagèr		xyde d'éthylène; M1B	
<u>National legislation Ger</u> <u>Ethylene oxide >87%</u>		xide	
WGK	2;	; Classification water polluting based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergef	ährdend
ethylene oxide	St	toffe (VwVwS) of 27 July 2005 (Anhang 4)	
TA-Luft	5.	.2.7.1.1; II	
National legislation Unit	ted Kingdom		
Ethylene oxide >87%	-	<u>kide</u>	
No data available			
ethylene oxide Carcinogen		thulana avida. Cara	
U		thylene oxide; Carc	
Other relevant data Ethylene oxide >87%	/ Carbon diox	vide	
No data available			
ethylene oxide			
IARC - classification	ז 1;	; Ethylene oxide	
ethylene oxide	assessment has	s been conducted for the mixture.	
5.2. Chemical safety No chemical safety a	assessment has	t s been conducted for the mixture.	
5.2. Chemical safety No chemical safety a <u>ethylene oxide</u>	assessment has l	t s been conducted for the mixture. been performed.	
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Specific concentration limits CLP

ethylene oxide

C ≥ 30 %

Chem. Unst. Cat. A; H230

UN Manual of Tests and Criteria

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